W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

C. E. JONES,
Chemist.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
36 Government St.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1893. No. 140

LUKE PITHER. MAX LEISER.

PITHER & LEISER,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

BOUCHERAT & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors and Havana Cigars.

HIGH CLASS WINES A SPECIALTY.

Always in stock: The Leading Brands of Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors, Preller's Clarets and Sauternes, J. Josephin's Bourgogne, B. Bert & Co.'s Sauternes, G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry Champagne, and other Principal Brands of Champagne, also Jos. Schlitz' Celebrated Milwaukee Beer, and the Leading Brands of English Ales and Porter.

WHISKIES Gooderham & Worts' Rye, and the Best Brands of Scotch and Irish Whiskies, In bulk and case.

BRANDIES Hennessy, Martel, Jules Robin, Bisquet, Dubouche, in bulk and Case.

Positively no Wines or Liquors Sold in Quantities less than two gallons or one case.

PITHER & LEISER

Successors to Boucherat & Co.

THE WESTSIDE

Clearance Sale

Of

Mantles, Jackets,

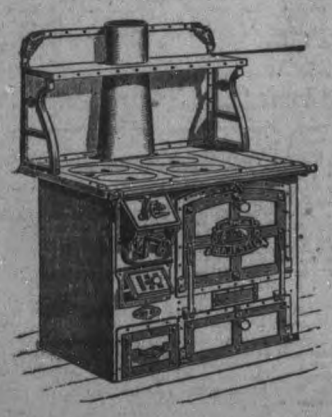
Etc., Begins on

MONDAY, AT TEN O'CLOCK.

All goods are of this season's importation and at the reduced prices should have an immediate sale.
18 regular $6 50 and $8.50, marked for sale at $2.90 and $3·50.
10 regular $8 and $10, marked for sale at $3.90 and $4.50.
50 regular $10 to $15, marked for sale at $4.90 to $5.75.
The balance of high priced garments reduced in a like proportion.
300 Ladies' Summer Ribbed Vests, at 25c. each.
250 Ladies' Summer Ribbed Vests, at 12½c. each.
300 pairs Ladies' Diamond Black Saxony Hose, full fashioned, 25c. per pair.
200 pairs Stainless Lisle "Crescent" Hose, 50c. per pair.
Remainder of Sunshades at about half price.

FOR ONE WEEK.

J. Hutcheson & Co.



THE

Majestic Range

FOR FAMILIES OR HOTELS

One Range will last a Lifetime.
Made of Steel and Maleable Iron.
Large Oven. New Pin Extension Water Front. Will not chill the oven.
Do not fail to examine it at

McLENNAN & McFEELY'S

Are You

If So

CAST YOUR EYE IN

MANSELL'S STORE,

And he will show you
The Latest Styles
In Sporting and Outing

SHOES.

A 95 Government Street. Sport

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO RENT—With immediate possession, the store now occupied by the undersigned. Apply on the premises. A. R. Gray & Co., Wharf street. 16 jn-tf

PINKING AND STAMPING of all kinds done at reasonable prices at 5 James street, James Bay. june 16-1m

A BARGAIN—Three lots; fenced; with house, chicken houses and stables; fruit trees and well with pump; in city limits; price $750; easy terms. Apply Oakland Estate, Box 231, City. june16-3t

LOST—On Monday, 5th inst., from the neighborhood of the Lansdowne road, a brown mare, with three white feet; branded J N on shoulder; star on forehead. Information will be rewarded by Erskine, Wall & Co., corner Government and Fort streets. je15-tf

WANTED—A girl to assist in light housework and care for children. Apply Mrs. J. Ahearn, 173 Simcoe street. je14-4t

WANTED—Experienced female white shirt makers. Bunster Bros., 126 Johnson st.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen tired of Chinese cooking to come and try German cooking at the Vienna, Wilson block, Yates street. Lunch, 35 cts.; with pint of ale, 50 cts.; dinner, 50 cts.; with ale, 65 cts.; with wine, 75 cts. je15-3t

LOST—On Monday afternoon, on Yates street between Douglas and Broad streets, an Irish terrier dog. The finder will be rewarded on returning him to W. & J. Wilson, Government street. je13-tf

FOR SALE—Fine driving horse, quiet and gentle. Apply to Carne & Munsie. je10-1w

WANTED—Agents to sell our choice nursery stock; salary or commission. Address May Brothers, nurserymen, Rochester, N.Y., je10-15t

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply B., this office. je9-tf

WANTED—A Partner with small capital. Apply to B., Times office. je8-tf

WANTED—A ward maid. Apply at Jubilee Hospital. je8-tf

TO LET—Well furnished rooms for two or three gentlemen, or with use of kitchen for married couple, at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay. j5

BUSINESS FOR SALE—Six thousand dollars in cash or security will buy an interest in one of the most successful mercantile enterprises of this city. Apply P.O. box 738, Victoria, B.C. my31-1m

PIANOS TO LET—Apply 76 Princess avenue. je6-2w

GENTLEMEN TAKE NOTICE—I am getting in a new stock of tweeds and worsteds, and will start in new work, also repairing, cleaning, and altering done on shortest notice. J. McCorkall, 52 Broad street, corner Yates. je5-1m

WANTED—To sell or exchange farm for city property. Shore's hardware store, 57 Johnson street. my20-1m

FOR SALE—350 acres fine farming and timber land in South Saanich, 200 yards from new railway and 10 miles from Victoria; new house and orchard. Will be sold in lots to suit purchaser. Terms, etc., apply to Heisterman & Co., 75 Government street. je2-1m

$5.00 REWARD.

LOST—A Black Newfoundland Dog. Finder will leave at Delmonico Hotel and receive above reward. ju16-3t

National Electric Tramway & Lighting Co., Limited Liability.

A Special General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the office, Store Street, on Saturday Evening, June 24th, at 8 o'clock.
C. T. DUPONT, Secretary.

FOR THE NORTH

The Steamer

BARBARA BOSCOWITZ

—WILL SAIL ON—

SATURDAY, JUNE 17,

AT 6 P. M.

From Porter's Wharf for Fort Simpson, Naas and way ports.
For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. D. WARREN
ju16-td 22 Trounce Avenue.

REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE AGENCY.

J. St. Clair Blackett

74 Yates Street,

GENERAL AGENT UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, Etc.

Fire Insurance Written at Lowest Rates.
Collections promptly made.
City Property a Specialty.

FORTY HOURS' DEVOTION.

First Exposition of Sacrament in the Province.

Vancouver, June 16.—The free library board decline to take quarters in the Y. M.C.A. building if concerts and socials are to be given there.

The Epworth League provincial convention yesterday passed a resolution discouraging church socials to raise

Forty hours' devotion or exposition of the blessed sacrament is going on in the Roman Catholic church, for the first time held in the province.

The lacrosse team to play New Westminster on Saturday:—Myers, Suckling, Cheyne, Spain, Peard, Morency, Quann, Hawman, D. Smith, Campbell, Quigley, Ralph.

There are 36 entries for the local race meeting on June 24th.

The Burrard Inlet and Fraser Valley Railway Company gave bonds for costs in the recent litigation in the city's name over the bonus to that company. The city now declines to pay the bills till the railway company deposits the cash.

Hurt With Lacrosse Sticks.

Montreal, June 16.—James Howden, the boy who was hurt on June 8th by some boys with lacrosse sticks, is dying. The doctors have given up all hopes of saving his life. The boy's brain is affected.

Mr. Jeffs and bride, of Tacoma, arrived in Victoria last night and are the guests of Mrs. Durham, 100 Pandora Ave.

ARCTIC EXPLORATION

The Steamer to Convey Lieut. Peary to Greenland.

ILLINOIS PRESS DAY AT CHICAGO

Interesting Prehistoric Remains Unearthed in Mexico.

A Woman Killed by Grief—A Blood Thirsty Choctaw—A Young Girl Drowned While Bathing—Sons of the Revolution in Congress—Frightful Atrocities in South America.

St. John's, Nfld., June 16.—Capt. Henry Bartlett, of the sealing steamer which is to carry Lieut. Peary's expedition to Greenland, sailed from here today for Philadelphia, where she will take the party aboard. She is in first-class condition, having undergone an extensive overhauling and repairs since being chartered. Her cabin accommodation is for eleven persons, and the large deck house will hold eight more. On top of this house an observatory has been constructed to be used for scientific observations by Lieut. Peary while sailing north. She has her crow's nest, and will be dressed in complete arctic outfit before entering the Delaware. She carries eighteen months' provisions and 500 tons of coal. Her crew numbers seventeen persons, captain and two mates, two stewards, cook, two engineers, three firemen and six sailors. The men shipped yesterday struck for more pay and new men had to be engaged this morning.

Illinois Press Day.

Administration Building, Jackson Park, June 16.—This is Illinois' press day at the World's Fair, and city and country editors alike to a total of several hundred are fraternizing at the Illinois state building. The formal exercises commenced at noon with an address by Hon. Lafayette Funk, president of the Illinois board of World's Fair commissioners. A hearty welcome was accorded to Vice-President Stevenson, who spoke for "Our Guests, the Nation," and Gov. Altgeld, who spoke for the state of Illinois, was also received with heartiness. Other speakers were James W. Scott and Mrs. Potter Palmer. After the exercises the guests were entertained at luncheon by the state authorities.

America's Revolutionary Sons.

Chicago, June 16.—A special congress of the Sons of the American Revolution opened at the art palace to-day with Gen. Horace Porter, the president-general, presiding. Owing to the fact that the first triennial conclave of the entire order takes place to-morrow in connection with Massachusetts day at the Fair, and the great Bunker Hill demonstration, the attendance was very large. Among those present, or who will arrive in the course of the day, were Chauncey M. Depew, Gen. Bradley T. Johnson, Jonathan Trumbull, Gen. J. C. Breckenridge, and Bishop Cheney. Of the Daughters there are here Mrs. Vice-President Stevenson, Mrs. Benjamin Butterworth, Mrs. H. V. Boynton, and Mrs. J. C. Breckenridge. The ladies' society now has a membership of 2,000. Among the subjects to be considered in its meeting is the erection of a house in or near Washington to be the property in fee simple of the women who by inherited right are the daughters of the revolution. It is to be built of marble and granite and to have an art gallery, halls for lectures and conventions, and a large library. The Sons of the Revolution will elect officers.

Drowned While Bathing.

Greenport, N. Y., June 16.—Lenora Ketchum, 16, was drowned this afternoon while bathing with two girl friends at Shelter island heights, near the home of Rev. J. L. Scudder, the well-known Brooklyn preacher. The girls had ventured out nearly beyond their depth, and a strong tide carried them far from shore. Miss Ketchum in her struggles was carried off into deep water. One of her companions, Hattie Fisher, swam out in a desperate effort to save the girl's life, but she, too, became unable to help herself and sank. A boat put off from a passing vessel, and, after a hard pull, the occupants reached the spot just in time to save Miss Fisher, as she was sinking for the last time.

Resorted to Political Schemes.

Cincinnati, June 16.—Nearly all the Mystic Shriners have returned to their homes but their lingers behind an unpleasant recollection of the bickerings and hard feelings growing out of the defeat of W. B. Melish for imperial potentate. For the first time in the history of the order printed ballots were used, and the most disgraceful political schemes adopted to secure the defeat of Melish. On the first ballot there were a dozen more votes cast than

Prehistoric Remains Unearthed.

Guadalajara, Mex., June 16.—An important discovery of ruins has just been made near Ixtlan, in the state of Tepic. A party of American and English archaeologists, while exploring that remote section, came on an old building almost buried beneath the earth. It was found in a dense forest, and has been undisturbed for several hundred years. The structure is built of stone and is of large dimensions. The roof is almost on a level with the ground. With little difficulty the flat stones were removed and the interior explored. A large number of idols, pottery and weapons made of stone were found in the building. In one corner of the main room was found a pile of human bones. It is believed that the old building was used as a temple of worship by the Indians or a prehistoric race centuries ago. There is much interest aroused here in the discovery.

TOMORROW'S LACROSSE.

Preparations for the Game—Licenses Refused.

New Westminster, June 16.—Grand Lodge, K. of P., closed its session last night confirming legislation of the two previous days. The banquet afterwards at St. Leonard's Hall was attended by 100 delegates. They returned home today.

The fourth lacrosse match in the championship series will be played tomorrow at Queen's Park instead of the new athletic grounds, which are hardly fit to play on yet, between Westminster and Vancouver. The home team will be chosen this evening. The appointment of C. Ketchum as referee is very favorably received.

Governor Moresby is able to be out after a severe illness caused by a slight sunstroke.

Licensing court was held yesterday at Mission, which several applications were heard for new licenses, all of which were refused.

Ottawa News.

Ottawa, June 16.—Members of the Reform Club met last night, adopted a constitution and elected a committee of management. The constitution is similar to that of the Reform Club in Toronto. The committee consists of Messrs. Hutchison, Belcourt, Latchford, Bate, Dowling, Crannell and Forrest. The committee will elect its president and treasurer and employ a secretary. The club has leased rooms and a hall for two years. Mr. Laurier, who will open the club on Monday, will be made an honorary member. The furniture of the rooms was presented by leading Liberals, so the club starts free of debt. The objects of the club are social intercourse and the dissemination of Liberal principles.

Ottawa, June 9.—Mr. Watson, minister of public works for Manitoba, arrived to-day to attend the Liberal convention. Sifton, the attorney-general, will arrive to-morow.

A Bloodthirsty Choctaw.

Little Rock, Ark., June 16.—Joe Bird, a Choctaw Indian, has been sentenced to be shot at Wiburton, I. T., on June 30. Bird's execution will be just punishment for some of the wrongs he has perpetrated on others. Several weeks ago he killed his mother-in-law; for this he received a sentence of 100 lashes on his bare back, which were given by an Indian executioner. Bird was pinioned to a post and fainted three times during the execution of the sentence. He and his wife were discussing the punishment he received on this occasion six weeks ago. His wife told him he got only what he deserved. He grabbed his gun and sent his faithful spouse off after her mother. It is for that he is to die, as stated. He has long been a pest in the nation.

Killed by Grief.

Washington, June 16.—One of the saddest sequels to the Ford's theatre disaster is the death of Mrs. Wm. G. White. When the first rumor of the disaster spread through the streets, Mrs. White heard that the pension office had collapsed and killed nearly everybody in it. She ran toward the pension office until she fell unconscious to the pavement. She never spoke after falling and died yesterday.

Mormon Hill Wanted.

Lyons, N. Y., June 16.—Representatives of a syndicate of Utah Mormons are in Wayne county to acquire the Mormon hill near Palmyra, where Joseph Smith, the founder of their sect, discovered the golden plates and had the first Mormon bible printed. If they can purchase it they will erect a monument there in memory of Joseph Smith. Major Gilbert printed the editions of Smith's bible, which accompanied the party on their pilgrimage to the sacred hill, which has been fenced in by the present owner, who charges 25 cents per head to visitors. It is contemplated to start a regular pilgrimage to Mormon hill from the western states this summer.

Sharp is Suspected.

Sacramento, Cal., June 16.—Warden Ault of Folsom prison says that from the description given of the man who stopped the Iona stage last night and killed messenger Michael Tovey, it might be Sharp, the notorious Nevada robber, who spent nearly 20 years in prison for robbing the Carson and Bodie stage, he having been lately released. Tovey was a messenger on the stage at that time and killed Dow, Sharp's accomplice. Sharp then shot and disabled Tovey, and after shooting many times into the coach among the passengers, robbed them all, while his comrade lay dead by the roadside. He was afterwards captured and sent to prison. Ault says there are but two men now at large who would be likely to have done to-day's work, and is inclined to think it was Sharp who had followed up Tovey out of revenge.

McWhirter's Murder.

Fresno, Cal., June 16.—Judge Holmes' court was crowded this morning by spectators at the opening of the McWhirter case, the jury having been obtained yesterday. The greater part of the morning session was occupied by Assistant District Attorney Walser's opening statement to the jury. He said the prosecution expected to prove that identification.

Highland Hospitality

Chicago, June 16.—The Clan McLean wined and toasted its chief, Sir Fitzroy Donald MacLean, to-night to the music of the pipe band of the 45th Highlanders of Toronto, Canada. The guests marched into the banquet room, at the head Chief Donald in full clan costume. Responses to toasts were made by Sir Fitzroy, Prof. J. P. McLean, Greenville, O.; J. W. MacLean, Chicago; Hon. Alex. MacLean, Toronto, Canada, and about a dozen other MacLeans.

Our wines are indorsed by physicians and chemists for purity. California Wine Company, Limited, Nos. 55 and 57 Broad street.

BULL SEALS SCARCE

Due to the Number Clubbed on Pribloff Islands.

SIR RICHARD WEBSTER'S ARGUMENT

Birth Rate Affected by the Slaughter of Young Seals.

A New Inquest Into the Cause of the Washington Disaster—Dr. Briggs Will Continue to Teach in Union Seminary—The Chief of the Clan McLean Banquetted in Chicago.

Paris, June 16.—Sir Richard Webster continued argument to-day before the court of arbitration, his address being interrupted yesterday by the rising of the tribunal. He was speaking on the habit of seals and pelagic hunting, and he continued at some length upon the same line this morning.

Sir Richard contended that the decrease in seal herds is due to the scarcity of bull seals, lessened by the number of males killed at the Pribyloff islands. The decrease in the herds began before the pelagic industry arose. Sir Richard quoted from a report made by Henry W. Elliott and other reports made to the United States government to show that since 1882 the number of bull seals in the herd was not sufficient to properly reproduce the species. Argument on this point by Sir Richard is in refutation of the contention on the part of the United States that the killing of a portion of the male seal life is beneficial to the herd, as in cases of domestic and other polygamous animals.

The Americans claim that a large portion of the young male seals can be killed without reducing or affecting the normal birth rate. This is held by the British to be erroneous, and diminution of the herd is attributed by the British counsel to the killing of the bull seals at the islands and not the captures made by pelagic hunters. The report made by Elliott, who investigated the facts of seal life on the islands in 1872 to 1874 and in 1890, and was sent to renew his investigation in pursuance of a special act of congress, was not published by the United States. He subsequently published the report himself, and in some portions of it he laid stress on the insufficient number of male seals there. This is one of the reports that Sir Richard Webster quoted from to-day.

The Ford Theatre Victims.

Washington, June 16.—In accordance with the decision of Chief Justice Bingham yesterday, Dr. Patterson, coroner of the district, began a new inquest this morning over the remains of the victims of Friday's disaster. There was a smaller attendance than on previous days at Willard's hall, where the inquest was held, because most of Col. Ainsworth's uninjured subordinates were at their desks in the new quarters secured for them. Interest in the inquest this morning centered in the belief that Col. Ainsworth would be present to insist that he had a right to appear, but the crowd was disappointed. R. Ross Perry, Col. Ainsworth's attorney, whose attempt to address the deputy coroner during the session on Monday precipitated the outbreak against his client, was in the hall a few moments before the inquest began, but he withdrew before Coroner Patterson rapped the jury to order. Lieut. Ames and a squad of policemen were present to preserve order. Mr. Thomas, attorney for the District of Columbia, sat at the left of the coroner to assist him in the examination of witnesses. As decided yesterday by Dr. Patterson, the old jury were re-summoned for the new inquest, and this morning the coroner and six jurymen went to Glenwood cemetery and viewed the body of Frederick P. Lowest, one of the victims, whose body lies in the receiving vault there.

Briggs Will Still Teach.

New York, June 16.—At a meeting of the board of directors of Union Theological Seminary, held last Tuesday, it was decided by a unanimous vote that Rev. Dr. Charles A. Briggs should continue the work in the department of Biblical history as hitherto. It is also said by Dr. Ezra M. Kingsley, secretary of the seminary that the directors decided to make special provision that none of the students of Union Seminary shall suffer from the restrictions which have been put upon the Presbyterian board of education by the general assembly.

Blood is Flowing Fast.

Valparaiso, June 16.—Frightful atrocities are being practiced by the Castilhistas in Rio Grande. Governor Castilho ordered a man's throat cut because he was suspected of aiding the revolutionists. This murder was committed in the presence of the wife of the victim. Barbarous punishments are inflicted on mere suspicion. The revolutionists are daily receiving new recruits. Many officers of the national guards have deserted the government and gone over to the rebels.

Nothing New Under the Sun.

The present dressmaker's device of balloon shoulders was denounced as long ago as the time of Ezekiel, that prophet having uttered the solemn warning: "Thus saith the Lord God: Woe to the women who sew pillows to their armholes." The doubting can verify this curse by turning to Ezekiel, xiii:18. The old Hebrew prophets, by the way, were severe critics of women's fashions. In a famous passage Isaiah denounced the fashionable woman of his day, with their tinkling ornaments around their feet, their ear-rings, nose-rings, chains, bracelets, mantels, wimples, crimping-pins and other elegant trifles, which goes to show that women haven't changed much since that period. But if Isaiah disapproved of these women it is pretty certain that they just as strongly disapproved of him.—Waterbury American.

SAMOAN AFFAIRS.

Mataafa and Malietoa, Rival Chiefs, to Come to Blows.

Washington, June 15.—Advices received by Secretary Gresham from Samoa are to the effect that affairs there have reached a crisis, and it may be that the United States will again be obliged to intervene between the parties. Ever since the establishment of the tripartite protectorate over Samoa the islands have been disturbed, and the best efforts of the representatives of the United States, Great Britain and Germany have failed to improve the situation. First, there was trouble growing out of the alleged arbitrary acts of Cederkrantz, the Swede who was selected by the parties to the Berlin conference as the chief of the Samoan land courts. There was the finacial tangle, curiously like our own, resulting from the attempt of the German adviser of the king to force the people to accept German thalers at fixed rates. Serious discontent was shown at the excessive burden of taxation, and finally rebellion has broken out.

Mataafa, who acted as king during King Malietoa's enforced absence preceding the Berlin conference, never admitted that he had ceased to be king, and, taking up a strong position on one of the islands of the group, has really maintained himself in native regal style. He has always had numerous adherents, and of late the troubles that King Malietoa has encountered in his efforts to govern the kingdom have driven many more of the inhabitants over to the side of Mataafa. The disaffection has become so serious in extent that Malietoa has felt it to be necessary to crush out the aspirant for the throne, and the advices received at the state department indicate that open warfare is now about to begin. The United States, Great Britain and Germany have obligated themselves by the treaty of Berlin to preserve the autonomy of the islands and to maintain order and peace. Under this agreement it has been the custom for the three nations to take turns in keeping a warship at Apia, or in the vicinity, and it happens that just now the German vessel is on guard. In this crisis, however, it is desirable that more force should be at hand, and it may be that one of the United States warships will be sent to Samoa. At present the nearest ships are the Boston and the Adams, now at Honolulu; but in view of the uncertain condition of affairs there, and the importance of the interest involved, it is probable that not more than one of them at most can be spared, and owing to the lack of cable connections with Hawaii, sailing orders could not reach them for at least a week or ten days. From four to six days would be consumed in the voyage from Honolulu to Apia, so that no United States naval ship can reach there before some time in July.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

State of Trade and Finance in the American Metroplis.

New York, June 15.—Pacific railway bonds closed as folows: Union firsts, 8 1-4 bid; Union sinking funds, 102 1-4 bid; Centrals, 105 bid. Money on call 6@20 per cent. Foreign exchange posted rates sterling 486 for sixty days; 488 demand. The dealings at the stock exchange were characterized by a rather weak tone early in the day, the bears having raided the list on the strength of the meeting of the associated banks yesterday afternoon and the lack of knowledge as to what was accomplished at that conference. Lake Shore and Sugar yielded 1 1-2 per cent., but the decline in the remainder of the list was only 1-4 to 1 per cent., and comparatively little stock was shaken out. It was subsequently learned that the offerings for short account were absorbed by the operators, who felt satisfied that the clearing house committee would recommend an issue of certificates, if necessary, and that this would relieve the tension which has existed in the local money market. As soon as it was announced that the clearing house committee at their meeting this afternoon had definitely decided to issue certificates, beginning with to-morrow, Wall street experienced a feeling of relief, and this was promptly reflected on the stock market. An advance of 1-2 to 1 7-8 per cent. ensued, the Grangers leading the upward movement. New England was exceptionally weak, declining 1 7-8, but this had no perceptible influence on the general market, which closed steady at or near the top. Total sales, 163,539. Closing bids: Canadian Pacific, 78 1-2; Central Pacific, 25; Wells Fargo Express, 140; Great Northern preferred 114 1-2; Missouri Pacific, 34 3-4; Northern Pacific, 13 3-8; do preferred, 34 1-4; Northwestern, 105 1-2; Denver & Rio Grande, 141; Texas Pacific, 6 5-8; Union Pacific, 34 3-5; Northern Pacific consolidated fives, 62 1-2; Oregon Improvement, 51 1-2; bar silver, 83 1-4.

New York, June 15.—Flour dull and generally easy. Wheat was less active, steady, and 3-4c to 7-8c lower, on easier cables and realizing through the weakness west. The unsettled financial condition restricts business. Closing prices: June, 71 3-4c; July, 73 1-2c; September, 77 1-8c; December, 82c. Hops, light offerings, firm; Pacific coast, 19c and 22c. London hops, dull and unchanged. Coffee, dull and nominal. Sugar, firm and in fair demand; fair refining, 3 7-8; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 1-2c.

Spanish Lawyers Strike.

Madrid, June 15.—Litigants in the leading cities of Spain have been left in a peculiar position by a most peculiar strike, the first, it is believed, of its kind recorded. Among the several schemes proposed by the government to effect retrenchment in the state expenditures is one to abolish the district criminal courts. The proposition met with the hearty disapproval of all the Spanish barristers, and they have gone on a strike to impress the government with the fact that the abolition of this source of revenue to the lawyers would not be accepted without a struggle. All the barristers practising in Avila, Toledo, Valencia, Guadalajara and Huelva removed their names from the cause lists yesterday and to-day litigants found that their cases pending before the courts were undefended. The lawyers in places other than those above mentioned will follow the example set and much delay and trouble is anticipated. A meeting of the cabinet was hastily summoned to consider what action should be taken, when it was decided to issue instructions to the magistrates in the places mentioned to transfer the cases before them to the nearest courts that are not affected by the strike. Should the strike become general, as anticipated, this method of getting around the trouble will not be found to answer.

GERMANY'S VERDICT.

Socialists Carry Thirty Candidates—The Army Bill Doomed.

Berlin, June 15.—Election day brought tropical heat to all parts of the empire. In Berlin the pavements have been scorching. Apparently the election has been a notably quiet one. In Berlin there has been a complete absence of all excitement. Chancellor von Caprivi and von Boetticher, secretary of the imperial home office, voted at the Kaiserhoff station. They apparently believed in depositing their ballots as soon as possible, for they were among the earliest voters at the polls. A number of men and women gathered at 8 o'clock this morning at the Bock Brewery, the headquarters of the Socialists in the district, where Fischer ran. They devoted themselves to receiving orders for electoral tickets, while others scattered leaflets in behalf of the party broadcast. The Socialists displayed more activity than any other of the political groups. The women seemed to be as deeply interested in the success of the social democratic candidates as were the men of the party, and they labored in every way to aid the candidates. At 6 o'clock nothing positive was known of the result of the election, although dispatches from 120 electoral districts indicated that the Socialists had secured thirty of them, and the Conservatives, Richters (Radicals People) and Liber-Clericals had divided the other 90 among themselves.

At 2 o'clock this morning returns from 70 districts indicated that 36 had been carried by parties opposed to the army bill, 15 had been carried for the parties favoring the bill, and 19 are in doubt between the government and the opposition party, with the chance of the majority of them strongly in favor of the government. The government parties have lost three of their former seats, two to the Richterites and one to a South German Democrat. The government has won one seat from the opposition. The Social Democrats have won two seats, besides having secured many chances for new victories on the second ballot. A curious thing about these victories is that they were won at the expense of the Richter Radicals, also enemies of the army bill, and not, as was expected, at the expense of the National Liberals. The friends of the bill say that although the Social Democratic gains are undoubtedly enormous, they will probably not prove so large as the reports so far have indicated. The returns from the cities come in first, and it is in the cities that the Social Democratic candidates always run best.

In spite of their tremendous exertions the United Conservatives and Anti-Semites have lost 3,000 votes as compared with the figures of 1890, and the Radicals have lost nearly 2,000. It is stated that the Socialists are likely to win 3 out of 4 of the re-ballots against the Radicals. In Berlin not a single candidate pledged to suport the army bill has gained even the barren honor of a re-ballot. The prospects of a government majority appear to be vanishing. Not 10 per cent. of the votes were given in favor of the army bill. The success of the Social Democrats has caused a profound sensation.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

Port Townsend, Wash., June 15.—A portion of the United States patrol fleet, Ranger, Mohican and Corwin, and the British man-of-war Petrel, are at Sitka awaiting orders before proceeding to Behring Sea.

Washington, June 15.—It is reported here that President Cleveland has decided upon a successor to Mr. Blount at Honolulu. Blount, it is claimed, has repeatedly asked to be released. The appointment will probably be made to-day.

Fresno, Cal., Junt 15.—One more juror was obtained in the McWhirter murder case this morning, making a total of nine. The other three will probably be secured this afternoon.

World's Fair, Jackson Park, June 15.—The Fly-casters' Club lodge on the north lagoon at Jackson Park was dedicated to-day. It is an exact reproduction of the one which Izaak Walton erected on the borders of the River Gobe for the habitation of himself and Chas. Paton. The local club to-day decided to hold a national tournament on Aug. 9th, the 300th anniversary of the birth of Walton.

Chicago, June 16.—At this morning's session of the International Congress of Charities Hon. E. Benj. Andrews discoursed learnedly upon the introduction of sociology as a special topic of investigation and instruction in institutes of learning. The order of King's Daughters and Sons also held a short meeting. In the woman's section discussions on protective agencies and industrial unions were participated in by Mrs. Diaz and Mrs. Lamson of Massachusetts and Mrs. Cadbury of Pennsylvania. This afternoon the delegates visited the various industrial institutions of the city.

Washington, June 15.—The President is indisposed, not seriously, but sufficiently to make him remain at his country residence at Woodley. He may be able to visit the White House to-morrow.

New York, June 15.—The board of trade to-day adopted resolutions denouncing the workings of the Sherman Silver law and demanding of Congress its repeal.

San Francisco, June 15.—The delegation of state boards of trade called upon Mayor Ellert to-day and a consultation was had with reference to holding a world's commercial fair in this city next fall. It was decided that the mayor would call a meeting of citizens, to be held next Tuesday evening, to consider the matter.

Chicago, June 15.—The Michigan special which left here yesterday morning for New York, carrying the Infanta Eulalia and party, made the run between Chicago and Niagara Falls, 514 miles, in eleven hours. The running time, including stops, was 47 miles an hour, exclusive of stops, over 50 miles an hour.

City of Mexico, June 15.—Thomas T. Crittenden, United States consul here, has been offered the post of Minister to Hawaii. He is considering the matter.

Visalia, Cal., June 15.—When Evans was arrested, the warrant served on him by the Tulare officers was for the murder of Oscar Beaver. Afterward Sheriff Scott served three warrants on him. Sheriff Kaye, of Tulare, claims the prisoner and will try to hold him. Deputy Sheriff Rapelje, of Fresno, is here, it is supposed, after Evans, but he can get him only after contest.

St. Paul, June 15.—Archbishop Ireland was shown the dispatch from Rome, which said the Pope has issued an order that in the diocese of St. Paul, United States, the clergy must instruct the Roman Catholic and Protestant children alike, without exacting from the Protestants a promise to become Roman Catholics. Archbishop Ireland said that such an order could be abused and that no such order had been or would be issued.

TO RELIEVE PRESSURE.

Adoption of a Resolution Intended to Ease the Financial Strain.

New York, June 15.—The clearing house association this afternoon adopted the following resolutions:

"Resolved, that a committee of five be appointed by the chairman with the president, to receive from the banks, members of the association, bills receivable and other securities to be approved by said committee, who shall be authorized to issue therefor to such depositing banks loan certificates bearing 6 per cent. interest per annum; and such loan certificates shall not be in excess of 75 per cent. of the market value of the securities or bills receivable so deposited, and such certificates shall be received and paid in settlement of balances at the clearing house; and all the rules and regulations heretofore adopted in the issue of such gold certificates shall be in force in the present issue."

No clearing house certificates have yet been applied for. The loan committee of the association, of which President Frederick D. Tappen, of the Gallatin National Bank, is chairman, will meet to-morrow to receive applications. The certificates will be supplied in denominations of $5000, $10,000 and $20,000.

Bennett and the Cabdrivers.

Paris, June 15.—Mr. James Gordon Bennett, proprietor of the New York Herald, is making rapid progress toward recovery from the effects of his recent accident. He was much pleased to-day by an evidence of the sympathy and gratitude of the Cabdrivers' Union. Some time ago, when the drivers were on strike, Mr. Bennett gave to the union $7000 to be expended in helping the men to win their fight. This instance of Mr. Bennett's generosity and sympathy was not forgotten by the men, and to-day Mr. Bennett received from the union a letter expressing deep sympathy with him in the accident that has befallen him, and the wish of the union for his speedy recovery.

Wreck of the Sea Ranger.

Port Townsend, Wash., June 15.—The whaling bark Sea Ranger, Captain C. H. Foley, of San Francisco, was wrecked on May 24th on a hidden ledge, three miles west of Kyak Island, on the coast of Alaska. The vessel and cargo, consisting of train oil and whale oil, valued at $11,000, were a total loss. The crew had barely time to save their lives. The officers arrived from Sitka this morning on the City of Topeka. Particulars of the disaster as related by Captain Foley, are as follows:

"James McKee, seaman, died on May 20th, when we were becalmed 19 miles from land. I wore the ship inshore to land, and buried the corpse, and was about to drop anchor in a place where the chart indicated 19 fathoms, when the bark struck a hidden rock and smashed the keel. The vessel listed to port and began to fill rapidly, and I hardly had time to lower the boats, take the crew and corpse off when she went down. After some difficulty a landing was made at a trading post of the North American Commercial Company on Kyak Island, where the crew remained until taken to Sitka by the steamer Crescent City. Twenty of the crew stranded at Sitka will endeavor to come south on the next Alaskan steamer.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

MEDICAL.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure, when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C. june16-ly

Before. After.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Perfectly safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH. For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. june17 ly.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

BIG G. TRADE MARK. CURE YOURSELF! Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. The Universal American Cure. Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. PRICE $1.00

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH. DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING. A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England. LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, 6mecod Agents for B.C.

BY-LAW NO. 195.

A BY-LAW

WHEREAS it is expedient to borrow the sum of $85,000 for educational purposes;

And whereas, for the purpose aforesaid, it is intended to raise, by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, the sum of $85,000;

And whereas it will require the sum of $4,580 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest;

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1892, is $18,749,126;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of one-quarter of a mill in the dollar for paying the new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed, except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council;

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

1.—It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow, upon the credit of the said Corporation, by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $85,000, currency or sterling money, at the rate of 4.86 2-3 dollars to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation, for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

2.—It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued for such sums as may be required, not exceeding, however, the sum of $85,000, either in currency or sterling money (at the rate of 4.86 2-3 dollars to the one pound sterling), as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof.

3.—The said debentures shall bear date the 3rd day of July, 1893, and shall be made payable in fifty years from the said date, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signatures to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed, or lithographed.

4.—The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debenture and coupon.

5.—It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6.—For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $3,825, and for the purpose of the sum of $3,825, and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $755.

7.—For the purpose of payment of the said sums in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of one-quarter of one mill in the dollar on all ratable land and improvements in the City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

8.—This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation, in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and the amendment thereto, and shall take effect on the 3rd day of July, 1893.

9.—This by-law may be cited as the "Educational Loan By-Law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 15th of May, 1893.

Received the assent of the electors the 1st day of June, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the 5th day of June, 1893.

(L.S.) ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 5th day of June, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

je9

E. E. WELCH,

Accountant and General Collector.

Books posted and balanced. Incomes collected. Offices: 10 and 11 Bank of B. C. Building, Government St. ma1-3m

NOTICE

The partnership heretofore existing between John Coigdarripe and Luke Pither, carrying on business on Yates street, in the city of Victoria, under the firm name of Boucherat & Co., wine and spirit merchants, was dissolved on the 1st day of April last by mutual consent, Max Leiser having purchased the interest of John Coigdarripe in the said firm.

The business of the firm will be continued by Messrs. Luke Pither and Max Leiser, upon the same premises under the firm name of Pither & Leiser, successors to Boucherat & Co., and they have assumed all the liabilities of the old firm.

Dated this 14th day of June, 1893.

J. COIGDARRIPE.
LUKE PITHER.
MAX LEISER.

Witness:—
GEORGE JAY, Jr. je14-1m

NOTICE.

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted on and after this date without my written order. JAMES RAMSAY.
Victoria, June 12, 1893.

PAISLEY DYE WORKS,

116 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

Dyeing Scouring and Repairing Ladies' and Gents' Wear, Curtains, Silks, Ostrich Feathers and Fancy Dyeing. Steam Finishing. Cleaning Cricket, Athletic Suits and Gloves a Specialty. JAMES ALLISON, Prop.
Drop us a Postal Card and we will attend to it promptly. m29-1m

A BY-LAW

Relating to the Building of a Sidewalk on the South Side of Oak Bay Avenue, in the City of Victoria, being a Local Improvement Proposed to be Made by the Corporation of Victoria.

WHEREAS the Corporation of the City of Victoria have by resolution determined to build a sidewalk on the south side of Oak Bay avenue from Cadboro Bay road to the City boundary;

And whereas the building of the said sidewalk is a local improvement;

And whereas under and by virtue of the Municipal Act, 1892, the Council of the said Corporation have duly passed the said Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, being a by-law to provide for the assessment of real property benefitted by local improvements;

And whereas, in pursuance of Sections 4 and 5 of the said Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, the City Engineer and Assessor have made their report as thereby required, which report has been submitted to and has been approved and adopted by the said Council;

And whereas it has been ascertained and determined that the real property hereinafter set forth, referred to in schedule "D" in the said report, will be immediately benefitted by such proposed improvement; and whereas the sum of $969.23 is the amount of the costs of the said proposed improvement;

And whereas under and by virtue of Sections 273 and 274 of the Municipal Act, 1892, and of Section 18 of the said Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, the said Council are authorized to proceed with the proposed improvement under such terms and conditions as to the payment of the cost of such improvement as the Council may by by-law in that behalf regulate and determine;

And whereas the said Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria are desirous of passing a by-law for the purposes mentioned;

THERFFORE BE IT ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

1.—That the said report and plan be adopted, and that the proposed improvement in building a sidewalk along the south side of Oak Bay avenue from Cadboro Bay road to the City boundary, be made and carried out in accordance therewith.

2.—That the real property which is immediately benefitted by the said improvement shall be that which is particularly mentioned and described in Sub-section "D" of the said recited report as therein appears, which is as follows:—

Sub-Section D, showing the proportion in which the assessment is to be made on the various lots benefited:

Lot.	Block.	Feet frontage	Rate per foot	Amount	Remarks
1	1 Fernwood	50½	20c	10 10	Cadboro & Oak bays
1	J Sec. 74	48.8	20c	9 73	McGregor & Oak B
2	do	55.4	20c	11 07	do
3	do	55.5	20c	11 08	Terrace & Oak bay
4	J Sec 74	55 6	20c	11 10	do do
5	do	55.4	20c	11 07	do
6	do	55.4	20c	11 07	do
7	H S'c 74	65	20c	13 00	do
6	do	65	20c	13 00	do
5	do	60	20c	12 00	do
4	do	60	20c	12 00	do
3	do	60	20c	12 00	do
2	do	60	20c	12 00	do
1	do	60	20c	12 00	Belcher & Oak bay
2 of 1	1 Sec 74	57	20c	11 40	do do
1 of 1	do	57	20c	11 40	do
1 of 2	do	47	20c	9 40	do
2 of 2	do	47	20c	9 40	Cross and Oak Bay
3 of 3	do	47	20c	9 40	do do
4 of 3	do	47	20c	9 40	do
4	do	114	20c	22 80	Richmond & Oak B
1	2 Sec 74	113.5	20c	22 68	do do
1 of 2	do	46.10	20c	9 37	do
2 of 2	do	46.10	20c	9 37	Calder & Oak Bay
13—3	do	46.10	20c	9 37	do do
14—3	do	46.10	20c	9 37	do
4	do	114	20c	22 80	Clare and Oak Bay
1	3 Sec 74	59.11	20c	12 00	Clare and Oak Bay
2	do	59.11	20c	12 00	do
13	do	59.11	20c	12 00	do
24	do	59.11	20c	12 00	Wilson and Oak B
25	do	59.11	20c	12 00	do do
26	do	59.11	20c	12 00	do
37	do	59.11	20c	12 00	do
38	do	59.11	20c	12 00	Davie and Oak Bay
1	5 Sec 74	60	20c	12 00	do do
2	do	60	20c	12 00	do
24	do	60	20c	12 00	do
23	do	60	20c	12 00	Hulton and Oak B.
26	do	60	20c	12 00	do do
25	do	60	20c	12 00	do
48	do	60	20c	12 00	do
47	do	60	20c	12 00	Amphion and O B.
49	do	60	20c	12 00	do do
50	do	80.9	20c	16 15	
2	1 Fernwood	80½	20c	16 10	Foul Bay and O. B. Cadboro B and O.B
31	do	60	20c	12 00	do
30	do	50	20c	10 00	do
29	do	50	20c	10 00	do
28	do	50	20c	10 00	do
27	do	50	20c	10 00	Morrison and O. B.
22	do	60	20c	12 00	do do
19	2 Fernwood	67½	20c	13 50	Belcher and Oak B
20	do	67½	20c	13 50	do do
21	3 Fernwood	67½	20c	13 50	Jubilee and Oak B
22	do	67½	20c	13 50	do do
16	4-5 Fernwood	67½	20c	13 50	Richmond and O B
34	do	67½	20c	13 50	do do
53	do	67½	20c	13 50	Bank st and Oak B
75	do	67½	20c	13 50	do do
	6 Fernwood	330	20c	66 00	do
	Part 7, F'wood	135	20c	27 00	Dudley & Oak Bay
14—3	7-9 Fernwood	67½	20c	13 50	do do
13—3	do	67½	20c	13 50	do
12—3	do	56½	20c	11 30	do
11—3	do	56½	20c	11 30	Hulton & Oak Bay
14—2	do	56½	20c	11 30	do do
13—2	do	56½	20c	11 30	do
12—2	do	56½	20c	11 30	do
11—2	do	56½	20c	11 30	Amphion & Oak B
14—1	do	57½	20c	11 45	do do
13—1	do	57½	20c	11 45	do
12—1	do	57½	20c	11 45	do
11—1	do	57½	20c	11 45	Foul Bay & Oak B

Total cost $969 23

3.—That the shares and proportions in which the estimated cost of making the said proposed improvement shall be assessed on the various portions of the real property benefitted thereby as mentioned and set out in the said Sub-section "D" of the said report, and the said real property and portions of real property therein mentioned are thereby assessed accordingly with the payment of the said amount set opposite each said portion of real property in the said Sub-section "D" mentioned.

4.—The amount of the said special rate assessed as aforesaid against each lot or part of lot respectively shall be levied and collected and be paid on or before the 3rd day of July, 1893, and in default thereof shall bear interest from and after such date at the rate of six per cent. per annum until paid, and may be recovered together with all costs in that behalf forthwith after default by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person liable for such rate or by sale of the whole or a part of the real property so charged, but in the event of any sale of real property or any part thereof 10 days' notice thereof published daily in one newspaper circulating in the municipality shall be given.

5.—This By-Law may be cited as "The Oak Bay Avenue Improvement Assessment By-Law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council the fifteenth day of May, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the first day of June, 1893.

(L.S.) ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the first day of June, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

NORTH BOUND READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Fridays, Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Victoria.	STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Fridays, Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Wellington.
Dc. 8.00 A M	Dc. 3.01 P M		VICTORIA	Ar. 12.20 P M	Ar. 6.00 P M	78
" 8.04	" 3.05	1	RUSSELLS	" 12.20	" 7.56	77
" 8.14	" 3.16	4	ESQUIMALT	" 12.10	" 7.46	74
" 8.20	" 3.30	11	GOLDSTREAM	" 11.45	" 7.25	67
" 8.30	" 3.45	19	SUMMIT SIDING	" 11.30	" 7.09	59
" 8.34	" 4.05	25	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	" 11.20	" 6.57	55
" 8.41	" 4.27	31	COBBLE HILL	" 10.57	" 6.15	49
" 8.57	" 4.37	42	MOUNTTOLMIE	" 10.41	" 6.05	43
" 9.07	" 4.49	49	MALAHAT	" 10.31	" 5.52	39
10.07	" 4.50	59	DUNCANS	" 9.36	" 5.00	29
10.19	" 5.04	69	SOMENOS	" 9.23	" 4.48	19
10.23	" 5.12	73	CHEMAINUS	" 9.15	" 4.42	15
11.50	" 6.32		OYSTER BAY SIDING	" 8.40	Do 3.45	
12.00	" 6.49		NANAIMO	Ar. 8.30	Dc. 3.30	
Ar. 12.30	Dc. 6.22	73	NANAIMO	Dc. 8.10	Do 4.20	
Dc. 1.15 P M			WELLINGTON			
Ar. 1.35 P M	Ar. 6.34	78				

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 20,

Taking effect June 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock a.m.

Vanvouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 15:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, Passenger Agent.

Notice to the Public.

George Giles is no longer connected with the British Columbia Mercantile Agency.

J. E. CHURCH, Sole Owner and Manager, 16 Broad Street.

May 23, 1893. m26-1m

Notice of Removal.

DR. GARROW has removed his office to Room 10, Five Sisters Block. Residence, 21 Queen's Avenue. m19-tf.

In the Matter of the Estate of Elizabeth Conway, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that probate of the will of the deceased having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to or having claims against the estate are to forthwith make payment or application for payment as the case may be, to the executors at the office of S. Perry Mills, 46 Langley street, Victoria, B.C.

Dated 15th May, 1893.

C. H. DICKIE,
WILLIAM T. MARSHALL,
Executors of the Estate of Elizabeth Conway, deceased. my16-1m

CURIOUS FARMS.

Where Skunks, Rattlesnakes and Other Animals are Raised.

Skunks are bred on farms in Pennsylvania, New York and Connecticut. The skin and oil of a full grown skunk wil net the owner at least $2.50. The skin goes to the furrier, and the oil is deemed by many a sovereign remedy for coughs, colds, consumption, and so forth. According to the New York Sun the most successful skunk farmer in the country lives at Hamburg, Conn. He has been called "the deacon" so long that few know his real name. And why "deacon?" Because he is the most artistic user of expletives seen since the days of army mule trains. His favorite books are the Bible and Milton, and the lofty denunciations therein contained furnish the basis of his sulphurous vocabulary. Yet none is more tender-hearted and charitable than he. In the Orange mountains of New Jersey and among the various rocky hills of Pennsylvania the rattlesnake is treated as a source of income rather than as a deadly reptile. Rattlesnake oil is accounted good for "rheumatiz." The farmers of Colorado and Idaho, who have of late begun the rearing of rabbits, will hardly gain or merit the thanks of their neighbors. The fur has a market value and canned rabbit is not to be despised by a hungry traveler, but, owing to certain extra endowments of nature, bunny breeds so fast—having a litter of five at least once a month—as to become a pest equal in destructiveness to the grasshopper. At least this has been the experience of Australia and New Zealand, to which countries rabbits were taken by settlers from England. In the last decade New Zealand has exported 100,000,000 skins, and during the same period Victoria's export has been 30,000,000. For these over $600,000 has been received, a large sum, and yet scarcely enough to pay for the poison and powder needed to keep the rodents from devouring the land. It is to be hoped that the western experiment in this line may not get beyond control.

Far different and quite praiseworthy is the attempt to preserve and perpetuate the American bison. "Buffalo" Jones of Kansas, the pioneer of this business, says only two herds of wild buffaloes now exist and both number but 20 head. The millions that once made the prairies shake with their tremendous tread are no more. They were "wiped out" between 1871 and 1875; when the railroads advanced the Indians retreated and the pot hunter could massacre without subjecting himself to danger or giving his noble prey a chance for existence. At least 1000 buffaloes now live in safe captivity, and bred with the domestic cow, a race of valuable hybrids has been produced. Dog farms there are, but they are devoted to the rearing of fighting, sporting or fancy breeds. These bring high prices, and the farmers, once they get a regular line of customers, are sure to do well. But the world's great dog farms are in Manchuria. There dogs are raised for their skins, which are sold to traders from Northern Europe. A Manchurian who owns 1000 canines is thought to be fairly prosperous. If a pup is designed for food he must be strangled to death, and the eaters may not approach the temple of their gods for three days thereafter. Deer are preserved and fancy pigeons are bred by the wealthy, and in North Carolina on the Tar river, not far from Greenville, there is a leech farm.

The Largest Flour Mill in the World.

Among the mills of Minneapolis, as well as of the world, the "Pillsbury A" stands at the head. Its capacity is 7,200 barrels of flour per day, which quantity has ben actually made in the time. The "Washburn A" has a capacity of 5,200 barrels per day. The "Pillsbury B" follows with 4,000 and the "Washburn C" with 3,200. There are eight or ten mills in Minneapolis making more than 2,000 barrels of flour per day. The "Pillsbury A" has five railroad tracks running to it. It handles all its cars by machinery, the daily demand being 200 to bring the wheat to and carry the products from the mill. One can hardly comprehend 36,000 bushels of wheat being ground into flour under one roof in one day and the product being all removed. But this is the daily business, and it moves with the utmost accuracy and apparent ease. That this mill is "a wonder of the world" is shown by the fact that a register is kept as in a hotel, and the daily registration is from one to two pages of names of visitors from all parts of the world. Ushers are constantly employed in conducting parties through the mill, this feature being characteristic of the courteous natures of the whole Pillsbury family. Minneapolis is the largest primary wheat market in the world, and the greater part of all the wheat coming to the city is made into flour in her mills. The Pillsburys lead, of course, and "Pillsbury's Best" is the familiar legend with the dealers in flour in all the marts of the civilized world.

A Glimpse of Mr. Gladstone.

A little while ago—it was some time previous to Townsend's attempt—I had an interesting glimpse of Mr. Gladstone, and a glimpse of how he is regarded from a rather odd point of view, the 'busman to wit. It interested me as an out-of-the-way sidelight on one regarding whom every view has some sort of value; perhaps it may also interest you. About 3 o'clock in the afternoon I took a 'bus at Parliament street, and climbed on top to enjoy a fresh breeze and the movement of the streets. Just as we were passing the dingy cul-de-sac of Downing street the driver turned round with a quick, animated motion, and pointing his whip said: "See! 'ere comes the old man!" And there, coming out of Downing street was a rather seedy-looking Victoria, and in it an old couple, the gentleman wearing a tall hat considerably the worse for wear. This was the prime minister of England and his wife going for an airing in the park. The extreme simplicity of the turnout was impressive. The single horse was a common-bred, awkward-limbed roan. I have often seen better under a farmer's sidecar in Ireland. The only sign of state, and that was no more than the state of a single gentleman, was the two servants on the box. "There 'e goes," said the bus driver, with a glance back at his passengers, the greatest man in the world, by gosh! Say, Jim" (this to the conductor, whom he heard just then on the roof taking fares), "see the old man? There's the man as is going to give peace and prosperity to your country." (From which remark I gathered that his friend was an Irishman.) By this time the Victoria was just alongside the 'bus on the roadway below, and Mrs. Gladstone happening to look up, the driver took the opportunity to crook his elbow and give her a professional salute. All the passengers on the roof without exception took off their hats. Mrs. Gladstone called her husband's attention, whereupon he, looking up, returned the courtesy with old-fashioned grace. The strong features, after their momentary relaxation, relapsed into their firm, almost stony expression, and one received a vivid impression of the power and greatness of that massive face as it contrasted with the throngs of insignificant physiognomies passing to and fro on pathway and roadway. It was an impression which seemed to reveal, for a moment the secret of genius and its pre-eminence. "Don't e' look well?" said the 'bus driver, taking up his commentary like a Greek chorus. "They say 'e's breaking down. Now, don't you think 'e's as good as two men like me jist as 'e stands? Ah! they're for the park," and at this moment the Victoria turned in by the Horse Guards, and the last impression it left was that of the fluttering white hair between the brim of a black hat and a turned-up collar of a blue overcoat as the carriage disappeared between the statuesque sentries.—London Letter in Boston Pilot.

Cannibal Packer.

Packer, the Colorado cannibal, who ate five men, is trying to get out of the penitentiary, where he was sent to serve a 40-year term. The grand jury at Gunnison, in 1872-73 indicted Packer for five murders in as many separate indictments. These were lumped together in the district court, and a single jury brought in five verdicts, on which Judge Geary sentenced Packer to state prison for eight years on each count, or forty years in all. Packer's counsel claims that there should have been a separate trial and sentence in each indictment and that accumulative sentence was unconstitutional. No single jury can be empowered to try more than one indictment against one person. Packer and seven companions left Salt Lake City in the fall of 1872 for the San Cristoval country, in Colorado, to prospect. Two of the party went in another direction, leaving Packer and the five unfortunates together. The larger party presently ran out of victuals, and Packer slew his five companions to keep himself from starvation. He killed them as they lay asleep one night, and, after rifling their pockets, feasted on the remains until he could get out of the country. When sentencing him Judge Geary is reported to have addressed Packer thus: "Stand up, you cannibalistic——." The accused stood up. "You man-eating ——, can you tell me why I ought not to pronounce sentence of death upon you, you cannibalistic ——, when there were only eight people in Hinchdale county in 1872 and you ate five of them?"

Jay Gould's Stocks.

Jay Gould's millions are subject to more ups and downs in the world than is the average lot of man. When he died he left stocks valued at $70,000,000. These securities increased in value rapidly until January 20, when the Gould estate was worth in the market $12,000,000 more than when its creator died. But all that profit and several millions more besides have been wiped out by recent events in Wall street. When the market closed on June 3 the Gould trust securities were worth $6,000,000 less than on the day Jay Gould died. Even that was better than their condition a month ago. On May 5 the Gould block of Western Union, Manhattan and Missouri Pacific was worth about $61,000,000, or $9,000,000 less than on December 4, when Mr. Gould died. The zigzag of the Gould millions in these few months makes an interesting study in big figures. Taking $70,000,000 as a basis, it is seen that the estate has touched as high a limit as $82,000,000, and as low a one as $64,000,000, a fluctuation of $21,000,000.

Silver Mining.

The president of the Huanchaca Mining Company, of Bolivia, was recently reported as saying that he expected that silver would still further decrease in value, but that such decrease would have no effect on the Huanchaca Company, because it could produce silver at a profit even if the price dropped to 270 francs per kilo, or say 42 cents per ounce. This is by no means an idle boast. During 1891, this company mined 5,497,963 ounces of silver at a total cost of $2,414,360, or 44 cents per ounce. This cost in detail as follows: Mining, 16 cents; new works, 6 cents; reduction and smelting, 9 cents; taxes and export dues, 5 cents; general expenses 8 cents. Notwithstanding the low price of silver during the past year, the output of this mine increased nearly 15 per cent., amounting to 6,667,703 ounces, and the ore reserves are larger than before. For the 15 years ending with 1891, this company produced bullion valued at $43,033,899, paid $14,168,038 in dividends, and has set aside a reserve fund of $1,776,765.

This mine by no means stands alone as regards cheapness of working, although it stands second among the silver mines of the world in point of output. Thus the Broken Hill Proprietary Company, of Australia, the greatest silver mine in the world, produced in six years and a half ending May 30, 1892, a total of 36,512,445 ounces of silver and 152,000 tons of lead, at a total cost of $21,356,235. The cost per ounce of silver varied from 66 cents in 1887 to 41 cents in 1890, the average being 47 cents; the cost per pound of lead varied from 2.3 cents in 1887 to 1.4 cents in 1892, the average being 1.65 cents. This company has paid dividends amounting to $19,480,000.

In the United States the Ontario Milling Company has, since 1880, produced 26,261,076 ounces of silver at a total cost of $14,771,862, an average of 55 cents per ounce. The Granite Mountain Mining Company has, since 1883, produced 21,430,000 ounces, at a total cost of $8,376,620, an average of 39 cents per ounce. Some of these mines are becoming exhausted, notably the Granite Mountain, but new ones are constantly being discovered, and in all probability will continue to be discovered for many years to come. Thus the recently discovered Creede district produced 5,000,000 ounces in 1892, of which it is said that the greater part was produced at an average cost of less than 40 cents per ounce.—Eng. and Min. Jour.

Northern Pacific.

Double trains daily to St. Paul, Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Connects at St. Paul and Chicago for all points east and south. Superior Pullman sleepers, upholstered tourist cars and dining cars on all through trains. Direct service to the Yellowstone national park. Fast time and all the reduced rates offered patrons of this line. For full information call or address E. E. Blackwood, ticket agent, Adelphi building, Victoria.

Patients Turned Into Lanterns.

By the latest application of electricity to the medical science it has become possible to utilize the human head as a lantern. This was proved by Dr. Wendell C. Phillips the other night before a meeting of the laryngological section of the New York Academy of Medicine. The electrical apparatus used is called a "head illuminator." It consists of a small incandescent globe and an electric light of three candle power and about as big as a grape. It is adjusted to the end of a ruber tube, which in appearance resembles a lead pencil and through which the wire reaches the globe. In demonstrating the properties of this light before the Academy of Medicine, Dr. Phillips called a small boy to the platform and placed the instrument in his mouth. The boy closed his lips, all the light in the instrument was turned on. Immediately the boy's cheeks became translucent and every vein and imperfection of the skin stood out with distinctness. The light also shone through the upper part of the face.

"The beauty of this instrument," said Dr. Phillips to a Herald man, "lies in the fact that it enables us to read certain conditions of the head which could only be learned heretofore by operations or probings. If the light shines through one side of the face and not the other we know the dark side is affected. It also throws a light through the bones of the face and discloses formations of the bone which, under other circumstances, could only be ascertained by drilling to the bones. Placed in the corner of the eye, the light shines up through the cavity in the frontal bone just over the eyebrow. Catarrhal diseases are thus located."

Here the doctor placed a small section of rubber hose over the light which he held in his hand at the time.

"Now notice how this shines through my thumb," he continued. "Well, if there was a splinter there it could be accurately located. Any disarrangement of the small bones of the hand could be ascertained in the same manner. This practical use of electricity in surgery is not new, however," added the doctor. "The first man to utilize it was Voltolini. In regard to these newer instruments which I have about me I have just added improvements. Here is a search light," said Dr. Phillips, taking up a curved piece of nickel made to fit over the head and come down between the brows. Between the brows was a lens which stood out like the glass in a bull's eye lantern. It was connected by wires with a storage battery. A switch was turned and a bright light shone out from the apparatus like a star on the forehead of a ballet dancer. "This light," said the physician, "shines into and down the throat of a patient who is being examined for throat troubles. This latter examination can also be performed by the insertion of a small electric light the size of a pea. There is another instrument consisting of a flexible tube with a small lamp at the end and connected with a battery. The patient swallows his lamp, and when it reaches the stomach it shines through so diseased organism can be plainly read from the outside. The circulation is visible and an abnormal development stands out like a mole on a person's cheek. "All these implements and devices," added Dr. Phillips in conclusion, "are the results of study made by prominent physicians and surgeons. I have not invented these things. I have only developed them. We haven't reached the highest development of the use of electricity in the medical science yet. We are working now on new lines."—Chicago Herald.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF MOTHERS!

Save the Baby.

If baby does not sleep well at night, feed it every day on Lactated Food; the effect is magical.

If baby is cross and fretful, the mother's cares are doubled. Give the baby Lactated Food regularly and it will be happy and contented.

If baby is thin and weak, make its regular diet Lactated Food; very soon the little darling will blossom like the rose.

If baby's digestion is unhealthy, commence at once with pure Lactated Food. The weakest stomach will retain it, and very soon perfect digestion will be established.

If baby is in such a condition so that it cannot successfully battle against the hot weather, delay not a moment in procuring Lactated Food for it.

If you have used other foods, mother, and baby is not giving evidences of good health, begin at once with Lactated Food. Remember that Lactated Food saves babies' lives; the doctors say so, and mothers know it who have used the food.

If you have a baby and have not yet used Lactated Food for it, send your full address to Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, and you will receive a full-sized tin free.

Evans and Sontag.

Visalia, Cal., June 15.—Evans is improving since his arm was amputated yesterday. There is no change in Sontag's condition. To-morrow, the physicians say, will be his critical turn.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

China, Japan and Australian Steamship Line.

STEAMSHIP "MIOWERA"

(3500 Tons), will sail from Vancouver for Honolulu, Sydney, Brisbane, June 14th, 1893.

STEAMSHIP "WARRINOO"

(3500 Tons), will sail from Vancouver for Honolulu, Sydney, Brisbane, July 14th, and regular monthly sailings hereafter.

CHINA AND JAPAN LINE.

Empress of Japan	leaves Vancouver,		June 26
" India	"	"	July 17
" China	"	"	Aug. 7
" Japan	"	"	Aug. 28

(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

For rates of passage and further information apply to

ALLAN CAMERON,
C.P.R. Agent, Government Street.

GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Pass Agent, Vancouver.

FROM LIVERPOOL

The Br. Bk. "Archer,"

789 tons register,

Is now on the berth FOR VICTORIA, and will sail on 10th July next. For freight and all other information apply to

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.

m19-tf

SAYWARD

Situate Exactly Opposite the Historical Fort Sheppard, on the East Bank of the Columbia River at the Mouth of Beaver Creek, about Four Miles North of the Pend D'Oreille River and International Boundary Line.

SAYWARD Is a typical site for a large city. It is level bench land, perfectly adapted for building purposes, and is the selected junction of the river and Railway Transportation.

SAYWARD Is the only natural location for a centre of supply for the great Placer and Hydraulic Mines on the Pend D'Oreille and Salmon Rivers, and the Gold and Silver Mines of Trail Creek, now supplied by wagon road from the United States.

SAYWARD Is the headquarters of the contractor of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway, now under construction. The main Railway Line runs through the Company's property, and a spur is to connect with the Steamboat Landing where all supplies are now being delivered for over one thousand railway navvies.

Commissariat, Stores, Hotel Offices and Wagon Road now in course of construction, and an increasing daily business is being transacted. Alternate daily communication from Revelstoke, B.C., via Canadian Pacific Railway, and Northport, U.S., from all points south by the Spokane Falls & Northern Railway.

Sale of Lots commences at 11 a.m, THURSDAY Morning at my Office, No. 7 Board of Trade Building.

PRICES—$150 for Corners; $100 for Inside Lots. TERMS—One-third cash, one-third in two months, one-third in four months, with interest at 8 per cent. per annum on deferred payments.

For THE WEST KOOTENAY LAND COMPANY, L'd L'y,

JOSHUA DAVIES, Manager.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer,

Government street, Victoria.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

VICTORIA B.C

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received until Monday, the 19th inst., at 4 p.m., at the office of the undersigned for the construction of a main brick drain on Cook and View Streets and certain tributary drains.

Plans and specifications may be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of the City Engineer, City Hall, on and after Monday, the 12th inst.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., June 8, 1893.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

INCORPORATED 1890.

The Third Annual Meeting of the donors and subscribers to the Institution will be held at the City Hall, on Friday, the 30th day of June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

BUSINESS—Receiving the Annual Report of the President and Directors, and the Treasurer's Statement for the year ending 1st June; likewise the election of six Directors.

In accordance with the Act of Incorporation, the six remaining First Directors, representing the subscribers and donors, retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

H. M. YATES,
Secretary,
Care Yates & Jay, Bastion St.

Victoria, B.C., 13th June, 1893. td

THE DOUGLAS HOUSE,

5 Gordon St., Victoria.

This first-class Private Family Boarding House, centrally situated, within extensive grounds, is open under new management for guests by the day, week or month at moderate rates. A few table boarders can be accommodated. may1-3m

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Walla Walla - - - June 18

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

NOTICE

The 3rd Annual General Meeting of the Queen City Building, Loan and Saving Association, Limited, will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad Street, on Friday, the 16th instant, at 7.30 p m.

BUSINESS:

1. Receiving the annual statement and balance sheet of Secretary, and reports of Secretary and Board of Directors.
2. Voting on amendments to By-Laws.
3. Election of Board of Directors and Secretary for ensuing year.
4. Dealing with such other business as may come before the meeting.

By order.

B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

NELSON, B. C.

(Mention this paper.)

Notice to Contractors, Builders, Etc.

Tenders will be received on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Wednesday, the 21st of June instant, for executing Minor Works and Repairs at the Naval Establishments at Esquimalt.

Plans, specifications and conditions of contract may be seen at the office of the Clerk of Works in this yard.

Tenders to be endorsed "Works" and addressed to the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JAMES H. INNES,
Naval Storekeeper, Etc.

Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, 7th June, 1893. jn-7td

A. MAXWELL MUIR,

ARCHITECT,

93½ Douglas Street.

We beg to inform Victorians that we have removed from 27 Fort Street to our new and specious premises **37 FORT ST.**, 5 doors above our old stand, where you can find the

ONLY OPTICIANS

Of British Columbia, who have the knowledge, skill and experience to thoroughly test your eyes and fit you with proper glasses.

Who make a specialty of grinding complicated glasses and repairs of all kinds.

Who have the most complete stock of Spectacles, Eye Glasses and Optical Instruments in Canada.

Note the Change of Address:

F. W. Nolte & Co.,

(Successors to Hyams)

37 FORT STREET.

Municipal.

TAX ON DOGS.

Owners of Dogs are requested to take notice that the tax for the year 1893 on every dog within the City of Victoria is now due. The Provision of the Pound By-Law and the Revenue By-Law, 1889, will be enforced with respect to any such tax remaining unpaid from this date.

Mr. Robert Carter is authorized to collect the above tax.

CHAS. KENT,
Collector.

Victoria, B.C., City Collector's Office,
City Hall April 29th, 1893.

Municipal Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the reports of the City Engineer and City Assessor in regard to the grading of and laying sidewalks upon Stanley Avenue, between Fort Street and Mr. Andean's property, and Montrose Avenue, between Blackwood and Jones Streets, Showing the proportion in which the assessment is proposed to be made on the various portions of the real property benefited by the said improvements respectively, in accordance with the "Local Improvement By-Law," are now open for inspection at the Office of the City Assessor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., March 30th, 1893.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Section 12 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1885," which provides that

From the first day of April to the 13th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating or street sprinkling, except during the hours between 5 o'clock in the evening and 9 o'clock in the following morning, and on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In Central Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays;

In South Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays; and

In North Ward, on Wednesday and Saturdays.

And the water of the said Waterworks shall not be used for irrigating or street sprinkling outside the limits of the said City.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria B.C., June 5th, 1893.

SNOWFLAKE

FLOUR

—::— FOR FAMILY USE, —::—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO

ALBANY, OREGON.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Pushing Canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; Permanent position. BROWN BROS. CO., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. mar25-m s & wk-3m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 23 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry District. n11-tf-d-w

FOR SALE—Banner Oats, for seed. Apply to J. H. Wilson Brown, South Saanich, or Munroe Miller, 77 Johnson St. ap3-tf

FOR SALE—Cheap, one horse, harness and light express wagon. Apply to the Victoria Transfer Company, Broughton St. m24-tf

FOR SALE—160 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, ¼ mile from Saanich Arm. 50 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,600. For particulars apply P. O. Box 104, Union, B.C. fe24-tf

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad treet and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
Mr. W. C. Windebank, Pianoforte Tuner,
Has removed from 85 to 79 Fort Street, where he hopes to receive the patronage so liberally bestowed on him at his former residence.
Concertinas tuned and repaired. Instruments left over 3 months will be sold. Pianos tuned and regulated, $2. Lessons in vocal music. ju6-1m

BANJO AND GUITAR INSTRUCTIONS
By Chicago's popular banjo player and guitarist, PROF. T. W. REAMER. Rare chance for beginners and advanced pupils. Room 73, Five Sisters Block. (Take elevator). Can be engaged for first-class entertainments only. m10-tf

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 181. ju13

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. g22-1y

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja14 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
1y26 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 139, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY,
1-1y Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERUNER,
oct9 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
R. C. SMITH, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PROF. TOTTENHAM,
Rheumatism and Neuralgia Specialist.
Toothache cured at once without pain for 50 cents. Daily at his residence, No. 56 Pandora Street. City Agents—: Thos. Shotbolt, Druggist, Johnson St.; C. E. Jones, Druggist, 36 Government Street; R. J. Atwood, Druggist, Douglas Street.

PIANOS TUNED.
JAMES SHERIDAN,
Of thirty years standing in the City. Pianos, Organs and all kinds of Musical Instruments thoroughly tuned, regulated and repaired.
Address—Room 3, Gospel Hall, Oriental Avenue, between Yates and Johnson Streets.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard, corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flummerfelt, Gorge Road.

NOTICE.

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted on and after this date without my written order. JAMES RAMSAY.
Victoria, June 12, 1893.

AMUSEMENTS.

First Annual Picnic, Sons of Erin Dominion Day
July 1st, 1893.

Benefit B. C. Benevolent Society.

The Sons of Erin Society will hold their first Annual Picnic at the CALEDONIA PARK on Dominion Day. A good programme of SPORTS will be carried on, during the afternoon. A band will be in attendance. Dancing on spacious platform during afternoon and evening.

ADMISSION, Fifty Cents.
Ladies, Twenty-Five Cents.
Children, under Ten years, Free.

Argyle House

SPECIAL BARGAINS

12 yards of Dress Goods for $1
12 yards of Flannelette for $1
12 yards 36 inch wide White Calico for $1
12 yards White Satin Stripe Muslin for $1
10 yards Brown Holland for $1
White Sheeting, 5 yards for $1
Unbleached Sheeting, 5 yds. for $1
Lace Curtains, 50c. per pair.
Remnants of Carpets, Very Cheap
A lot of Umbrellas and Parasols at Cost.
A Big Lot of Odd Lace Curtains at 25c. each.

J. Horner & Co.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received until Monday, the 19th inst., at 4 p.m., at the office of the undersigned, for making additions, alterations and repairs to the building known as the Johnston House, situate on Block 80, Fairfield Estate.

Specifications may be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of the Building Inspector, City Hall.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., June 13th, 1893.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that we have deposited with the Minister of Public Works plan of a wharf upon our property situated at Telegraph Bay, together with a description of the site; and that we have also deposited duplicates of the said plan and description with the Registrar-General for the Province of British Columbia. Notice is further given that, one month after date, we shall apply to the Governor-in-Council for his approval of the said plans.

R. P. RITHET & CO. (Ltd.)
Victoria, May 30th, 1893. my31-1m

DR. A. C. WEST,
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year..... $10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES
is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

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CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.
NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1 50.
SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out. Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

Changes of Advertisements.
It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

THE SENATE.

It seems to be fully understood that the Liberal convention at Ottawa next week will make some pronouncement on the question of the Dominion senate's future, and naturally this understanding has caused a considerable amount of preliminary discussion in the Liberal newspapers. These are far from unanimous in their views, some declaring for a reform of the senate and others for its abolition, but nearly all are agreed that its continuance in the present form is not advisable. It is altogether likely that the views of the Liberal press will be found to correspond pretty accurately to those of the members of the convention. We believe that a majority of the people of Canada would agree with the proposition that the senate is an unnecessary and useless branch of the legislature. By the framers of confederation it was expected to serve as a sort of political balance wheel, and possibly as a protector of the smaller provinces, whose representatives might find themselves helpless to prevent some injustice being perpetrated by the majority in the commons. Such functions the senate has never been and never will be called on to perform. That is as much of a certainty as anything can be in connection with our political system. There is not the shadow of a probability of one province being injured by a combination of all the others or any of them. It is also quite certain that if a protector or a balance wheel were needed in our constitution the senate could not be depended on to fill the place, for as a body it would be quite as partizan and as likely to give birth to combinations as the commons. Neither is the senate useful as a reviser of legislation; the most important measures are crowded through it at the fag end of the session in such haste as to preclude any careful consideration. Where it does interfere its interference is apt to be mischievous; and that would probably be more frequently the case if the commons happened to differ from it in political complexion. So far as we can see, the veto power of the "upper house" is calculated to be of more danger than help to the country. The most hopeful friend of the senate cannot show that it has rendered, or is likely to render, services at all commensurate with its cost. They cannot show, in fact, that any sort of "upper house" is necessary. It appears to us, therefore, that any attempt to "reform" it or change it from an appointive to an elective body would be a waste of time and effort. To make it elective would be to injure the status of the commons, a result which we should carefully avoid. There are good and able men in the senate, but their ability and high character as legislators are largely wasted now, and the country could count on good service from many of them in the popular house if the other were abolished. The Times without hesitation declares for the removal of a legislative "mouldering branch" that is certainly useless now and might at any time prove dangerous.

The following from the Rochester Democrat may perhaps afford some explanation of our remarkable spells of bad weather: "The great group of sun spots now in the sun's western quadrant is identical with the disturbed area of arid February. The disturbance began to appear by rotation about the 17th of February and was of vast extent. It was followed on the 18th, 19th and 20th by very severe storms. The snow fall in this state was very heavy, and in the eastern counties railways were blocked. The group reappeared at regular intervals. After appearance by rotation in the latter part of May, great and rapid changes occurred, and the disturbed area was enlarged. During a portion of the time these changes were going on the weather was cloudy and no observations were made. The great outburst of energy undoubtedly raised the temperature and caused electrical storms. The regular apparitions of this disturbance since February show that there is a permanent seat of eruption in the body of the sun."

The St. John, N. B., Telegraph said recently: "A hopeful indication of the Liberal cause is the large number in all parts of the country who at one time supported the miscalled national policy, but who are now convinced of its injurious effects. Some old-time Liberals, too, who at the last election voted against the party platform, are now rallying heartily to the standard of tariff reform. There is hardly a town or village in this province which has not a number of one or two of these classes, and equally favorable reports come from the other provinces." To which the Halifax Chronicle adds: "The same thing applies to Nova Scotia. Not only are the Liberals who were indifferent or hostile at the last general election rallying to the support of Liberalism and tariff reform, but many Conservatives, disgusted with the present condition of affairs, frankly admit that 'it's time we had a change.'"

Says the Oregonian: "It is charged by the Toronto Empire, the Tory organ of Canada, that the Liberal party there is essentially an annexation party. That is, in fact, a concession that a vast body of the people, perhaps a full half, are bent, not so much upon the accomplishment of a given domestic policy, as on a revolution and transfer of allegiance. On the Empire's own testimony, British dominion in Canada is rapidly growing weaker." There can be no doubt about the fact that the Empire does more than any other agency to create the impression abroad that half the Canadians are in favor of annexation. Of course the Tory organ's foolishness is better understood at home.

SHIPBUILDING IN "ENGLAND."

To the Editor: One of the commonest forms of snobbishness among newspaper correspondents consists in continually referring to the "English" army, the "English" navy, "English" manufacturers, etc., etc, but when a prominent paper like the Times publishes an article with the above heading it is surely time to utter a protest. The Scottish people and character have done more to shape the world's history than any nation. A Scot as a leader of the imperial government and a Scot as leader of the opposition. Go where you will, in politics, finance, commerce, their nationality is dominant, but when the subject of shipbuilding is touched upon, that, if anything, is silliness when it goes under the name "English." It may be said that "English" means the English speaking people, but that will not lessen the offence, and Scotchmen and Irishmen one and all will refuse to perpetuate it.
A BRITON, NOT AN ENGLISHMAN

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 16.—Eugene Leroux and wife have been arrested on a charge of smuggling $32,000 worth of jewelry into this country from France, where it is alleged the valuables were stolen. They were arraigned this morning and discharged.

London, June 16.—Baron Brassey has been appointed lord-in-waiting in succession to Lord Wolverton, who recently resigned in consequence of his disagreement with the government as to the home rule bill.

Halifax, N. S., June 16.—The flagship Blake will leave here about June 24th to cruise to St. John. Returning she will leave later in the season for Quebec or perhaps Montreal. The Tartar and one of the torpedo boats will accompany her up the St. Lawrence.

Scranton, Pa., June 16.—Dr. Gulick, one of the best known physicians in this city, committed suicide this morning by thrusting the muzzle of a shotgun into his mouth and pulling the trigger. Shortly before he took his life he told his wife his head pained him, and he believed he was going mad.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 16.—The sheriff of Niagara county made a demand on Gen. Doyle this morning for troops. He said the Poles were causing trouble and an outbreak was imminent. The General immediately ordered the Tonawanda separate company to report to the sheriff for orders, and has ordered the 42nd separate company, of Niagara Falls, to hold themselves ready for the call of the sheriff. Buffalo regiments will not be ordered out unless in case of great emergency.

Rome, June 15.—At the consistory today, the Pope gave berettas to seven recently appointed cardinals. His Holiness also announced several promotions to the episcopate in America.

St. Petersburg, June 15.—Under the Russo-American extradition treaty nobody will be surrendered to Russia except on evidence that will satisfy an American jury by which the accused may claim trial before being extradited.

London, June 15.—John Morrough, anti-Parnellite member of Parliament for the southeast division of Cork, has decided to retire from Parliament and has applied for the stewardship of the Chiltern Hundreds. His decision to retire is due to the dissension in the Irish party, growing out of the attitude of Mr. Sexton and the Freeman's Journal toward the Parnellite faction.

Petroleum for Diphtheria.

In the Normandie Medicale of Rouen there is an interesting account of a new, and, so far, wonderfully successful treatment of diphtheria. It appears that in the village of Neuville-Champ-d'Oisel, about nine miles from Rouen, a malignant type of the disease broke out last year. The country doctor, M. Frederic Flauhaut, treated the cases in the usual way, but the deaths were numerous. Remembering, as he says, that the English use petroleum as an anti-spasmodic and an antiseptic, he determined to try it as an experiment. His first trial was in the case of a little girl, seven years old. He had already given her up, and proposed to the parents to make the experiment, which consisted in swabbing the throat with common petroleum. He had little hope of the success of his new method, but to his astonishment, he noticed an improvement after the very first application. He continued the treatment and the child recovered. Then he tried it successfully with his other patients.

This year he had 40 cases of diphtheria to treat, and he was successful in every one. In order to be perfectly sure that the cases in question were genuine ones of malignant diphtheria, he had the expectorated matter submitted to the analysis of Prof. Francois Hue, of the Rouen College of Medicine, and the professor reported that he had clearly discovered the presence in it of numerous bacilli of diphtheria. Moreover, his diagnosis was confirmed by Drs. Deshays, Lerefait, and Ballay, of Rouen, the last named being the physician in chief of the hospital of that city.

The treatment presents little difficulty or danger. The swabbing is done every hour or every two hours, according to the thickness of the membranes, which become, as it were, diluted under the action of the petroleum. The brush, after being dipped in the petroleum, should be shaken to prevent any drops falling into the respiratory channels. The patients experience relief from the very first application. The disagreeable taste of the petroleum remains for a few moments only.

Dr. Flahaut has been interviewed by several reporters of Paris papers. He is a modest man, and appears to be astonished at the noise that he is making in the French medical world. He ought to become famous and rich, for he has certainly struck oil.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Holton's saw and shingle mill, at Belleville, was struck by lightning and burned. Loss, $8,000; insured for $2000.

Mr. George Moir, late publisher of the Exeter Reflector, has been appointed Canadian customs officer at St. Paul by the Dominion Government.

The fisheries department has sent two Quebec salmon by express to the World's Fair. They were fresh, fine fish, one weighing 38 and the other 33 pounds.

The tallest man in West Zorra is Mr. James Gibb, who resides on the 9th concession, north of Braemar. He is only 21 years of age and is 6 feet 6 inches in height.

The Bank of Hamilton's net profits the past year were only $94,208. The previous year they were $135,000. The decrease is owing to the bank's loss through forgeries of $50,000.

Lieut.-Governor Chapleau has applied for the extension of his leave of absence in order that he may complete the course of treatment he is undergoing in Prais. The extension has been granted.

The proposed action of the Toronto City Council to require the celebration of Dominion Day on July 3rd is stated to be illegal, banking business transacted on Dominion Day being contrary to law.

Because the management insisted on their acting as bricklayers in the construction of an addition to the premises all the glass workers in the employ of the Hamilton Glass Company have gone out on strike.

The entire force of stone cutters employed by Ryan & Haney, on the big ship canal at Sault Ste. Marie, have gone on strike. They demand an increase in pay from 40 to 43 cents an hour, and ask to be paid every two weeks, instead of every six weeks.

At Wednesday's session of the Toronto Methodist conference, a resolution moved by Rev. Dr. Sutherland, declaring that as fair treatment of the temperance question may not be expected by a committee of existing political parties, a Christian temperance force be organized to forward the temperance movement. After a long and warm discussion this was rejected by 38 to 34.

The council of the Toronto Board of Trade has passed a resolution favoring reciprocity in trade with the Australian colonies, and decided to act in conjunction with the British Columbia board of trade in this matter. The council also declares emphatically in favor of a first-class mail service between Vancouver and Australia, and the laying of a telegraphic cable between Canada and Australia.

The Governor-General and suite left for Grand Cascapedia on Thursday for ten days' salmon fishing. His excellency has presented the Government of Quebec the house situated on the banks of the Cascapedia river, and occupied by him for the past five seasons. The Quebec Government are at present offering the lease of the river for ten years for salmon fishing purposes with the exception of that portion reserved for the use of the Governor-General. The minimum rental per year is to be $5000.

The nineteenth annual assembly of the Presbyterian church in Canada opened at Brantford on Wednesday night, with over 400 delegates, lay and clerical, in attendance. The retiring moderator, Principal Cavin, delivered his valedictory sermon at the conclusion of which a call was made for nominations for the moderatorship. The only name presented was that of Rev. Dr. Sedgewick, of Tattamagouche, Cape Breton. His nomination was therefore made unanimous and the business of the session closed with his installation.

The boldest murder ever committed in the Windsor locality occurred Monday evening. Two men named Captain Jas. Hickey, a sub-marine diver, and John Vrooman, mechanic, were driving along a street seated in the same buggy. Vrooman drew a revolver and shot Hickey in the left breast, then pushed him out of the buggy and drove off. Hickey died instantly. Vrooman's face was covered with blood when arrested, which would indicate that he had received a blow from Hickey before the shooting. It is said that Vrooman had been intimate with Hickey's wife for some time, and about a week before the murder she disappeared. Vrooman, after being arrested, told the following story: He was driving along Sandwich street when Hickey appeared and insisted upon getting into the buggy to talk the matter over. Conversation soon grew into a quarrel, when Hickey hit him, and, he believed, intended to shoot him. For self preservation he shot Hickey. Hickey had a revolver in his possession when shot.

Growth of the German Democracy.

In the middle of the confusion and wrangling of other parties the Social Democrats are full of activity and of hope. They have many reasons for their confidence. For some years past the Emperor, the political parties, the Church, even Prince Bismarck, have coquetted with them more or less, have acknowledged that their aims are often excellent, and have promised, with here and there a qualifying "but" or "if," to carry them out as far as is humanly possible. They are, therefore, justified in the hope that voters whose names have been trained to hear them with attention by this general chorus of approval will be the more disposed to listen to promises which are not qualified by "ifs" and "buts." Then the Social Democrats are well organized and know both what they want and how they propose to obtain it. These are great advantages to a political party in all countries, but are more particularly so among the Germans, whose natural instinct it is to obey orders and to march in file, even when they are in revolt. It is, therefore, quite possible that the Social Democrats may double their numbers at the next election, and it will not be surprising if that estimate is surpassed.—Saturday Review.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

Minneapolis, June 16.—R. H. Harris, of the Lubricator Company, was killed by burglars, found by him in his parlor on Fifteenth avenue at 2 o'clock this morning. He attempted to seize them, and was shot twice, dying at eight o'clock this morning.

Washington, D.C., June 16.—In the continued inquest on the victims of the Ford's theatre disaster to-day, T. C. Entwhistle, building inspector of the district, testified that the mortar used in the alterations was bad and the brick work badly done. If he had had authority to prevent it he would not have permitted work to be done in the way it was, for there was too much risk. Architect Clark of the Capitol testified that the weight on the floors was considerably less than the safety limit. A rumor prevailed in the jury room that contractor Dant, who performed the work was nearly crazy over the strain and excitement caused by the disaster.

West Chester, N.Y., June 16.—A man known to employees of Morris Park race track as "Emmitt," and said to be valet of Jockey Simms, was stabbed through the heart by Albert Young, colored, 22, last night. The men had an altercation in Smith's road house near Morris Park race track. Emmitt dropped to the floor, expiring instantly. Young dashed out of the place and has not been seen since. The police of West Chester county are now looking for him. Supt. Byrnes has been asked to look for the fugitive in New York, and all the police in surrounding towns have been advised of the murderer's escape.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 16.—Genessee oil works, limited, made a general assignment to-day. Liabilities $300,000.

Washington, June 16.—Secretary Gresham will at once insist upon payment in full by the Mexican government of the $160,000 demanded as indemnity by Mrs. Jeanet M. Baldwin, widow of McLeod Baldwin, an American mining engineer of this city, who was killed by Mexican robbers in the state of Durango, about six years ago.

Santa Rosa, Cal., June 16.—Sheriff Allen has received a telegram from Chief Crowley of San Francisco, saying he arrested Wong Fon, Chinese murderer, who escaped from this city last September. Fon murdered Wong Loy, an inoffensive Chinaman, by shooting him through the heart. He claimed that Loy owed him $2 and killed him because he would not pay.

Terre Haute, Ind., June 16.—The state normal students refused to rescind the resolution declaring that they would not recite to any other professor than Tompkinson, who was recently dismissed by the faculty. They modified somewhat their determination by saying they intended no disrespect to the faculty. The V. P. received the statement and stated that it was satisfactory. The president said he would return an answer to-morrow. If any expulsions follow the entire school of 1,000 will leave.

Des Moines, Iowa, June 16.—At today's session of the international Supreme Lodge of Good Templars, Dr. D. H. Mann of New York was chosen international supreme templar, at a salary of $3000 a year. The other officers elected are I. S. Counsellor, Joseph Mallins, England; I. S. Secretary, B. F. Parker, Wisconsin; I. S. Treasurer, G. B. Katzenstein, California; Supt Juvenile Templars, A. A. Brookbank, New York.

Baltimore, June 16.—Rev. W. D. Morgan, pastor of the Guildford avenue Methodist Episcopal church, and one of the leading ministers in the Baltimore Methodist church, has left the ministry and the Methodist church and applied to Bishop Paret for orders as a priest in the Protestant Episcopal church. He was confirmed by Bishop Paret yesterday. The announcement of his change of faith is a great surprise to his congregation and the conference, as he had not given even the slightest intimation of his intentions. Dr. Morgan is 37 and noted as a pulpit orator.

New York, June 16.—Domingo Gango, Chilian minister to the United States, arrived in this city from Colon on the steamship Alamo yesterday. He was accompanied by his family and his secretary.

New York, June 16.—Congressman Outhwaite of Ohio was at the Imperial yesterday, and he said that when the new tariff bill passed the house he expected to see a small tax on sugar, and, should the reduction in the tax on necessary clothing be substantial, a tax duty on coffee. He thought the Sherman act could not be repealed unless a substitute was offered bringing silver nearer in parity with gold.

Niagara Falls, June 16.—Infanta Eulalia and party left here this morning on a special train over the New York Central for New York.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 16.—This morning judgment and executions were filed against the Duquesne Tube Works Co. for $350,000. An exact statement of the account cannot at this time be obtained. It is said nearly the entire company is included in the judgment. This is secured by property of the company. The failure was caused by the general depression in business. Three judgments, aggregating $200,000, were entered by W. A. Dunshee, and one for $127,534 by the Tyrone Iron Co. The works have one of the most complete pipe plants in the country. It has been in operation five years and covers 20 acres of ground. The property is estimated to be worth $100,000, exclusive of the machinery. The value of the plant is $350,000. W. A. Dunshee, a Pittsburg attorney, is president of the company. He says that with careful management the company will pay its debts.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

THE REAMS CASE.

Justice Drake Warns Matron McCrae of the Refuge Home.

The Supreme Court room was crowded. Every seat, both in the body of the court and in the gallery was taken. Standing room was at a premium. The excitement was over the adjourned hearing of extradition proceedings against the Rev. Alfred Reams, of Merced, charged with the abduction of Lucy Ruckers.

It was twenty-five minutes after 11 o'clock, the hour appointed for the opening of court, before Justice Drake took his seat. Lindley Crease, for the prosecution, applied for a further remand till Thursday next. He read a telegram from the father of Lucy Ruckers, that he would start by this (Friday) morning's train. Mr. Crease stated that the father's evidence was necessary as to the age of the girl. Sheriff Warfield, of Merced, who sat in court, handed Mr. Crease a warrant for the arrest of Reams in the state of California. Other papers were also produced for the arrest of Reams in American territory. Mr. Taylor, counsel for Reams, did not object to the adjournment, but he objected to certain parties interfering with the writs of the court. Mr. Taylor stated that Mr. Yates had a writ of habeas corpus for the production of the body of Lucy Ruckers at the hearing of the case. Mr. Yates had gone to the Refuge Home, where the Rucker girl was confined, for the purpose of serving the matron of the institution, Mrs. Eliza McCrae. That lady refused to be served. The chief of police had given an undertaking that the girl would be in the court to-day. She was not present.

Chief Sheppard jumped up and stated that the Rucker girl was in the other room, pointing to one of the ante-rooms off the court room.

Mr. Taylor stated that he had not seen her. He wanted an assurance that the girl would be present. Justice Drake stated that he could not allow Mrs. McCrae, or anyone else, to interfere with the court of justice. He would hold that lady responsible for the production of the girl; otherwise he might be under the painful necessity of taking other steps to enforce the order.

Justice Drake turned to Chief Sheppard and asked if he would be responsible for the production of the girl. Chief Sheppard stated to the court that the newspaper men went there to write scandal. He wanted to protect the girl.

Justice Drake simply replied that the public had no right to interfere, but when the order of the court was made the girl should be produced and must be produced. The court advised the immediate service of the writ of habeas corpus, and the court adjourned.

The writ of habeas corpus was served a few minutes after the court adjourned. The order of the court had overridden the mandates of the chief of police.

The prosecution say they are prepared to produce evidence that the girl is under 16 years of age. The girl herself told several persons that she was nearly 18 years old. The father is said to have the records in the family bible. It is stated that there are no official records that can be produced as to the age of the girl. Hence the necessity of the father attending. The defence are confident of a good case. It is stated that evidence can be produced that will prove that the girl is over 16 years. Reams stated to a Times man that the girl was over 16 years and it would be very easy to prove her so.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Picnic.

The picnic of the Young People's Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will be held to-morrow at the time and place appointed. It had been decided to postpone the outing on account of the bad weather, but a rising barometer this afternoon decided the committee of management to carry out their original plans.

Stole the Captain's Roses.

Capt. Cavin of Queen's avenue admires roses. He has in his garden several fancy bushes for which he paid high prices and which he prizes very much. The roses bloomed recently, and daily the captain watched those small buds grow to big buds, and then unfold into glorious full-blown roses. They were the pride of the neighborhood, but are admired no more. Yesterday afternoon some petty thief stole them all. The captain will either arrange with the tram company for a couple of thousand "jolts" of electricity and shock the thieves, or buy a shot gun.

R. A. O. B.

Through the accident to the American Hotel, the above society will hold its meetings at the Belmont Hotel, corner of Government and Humboldt streets, every Saturday evening at 7:45. The property belonging to the lodge was saved from the fire. The members of the lodge take this opportunity of thanking Mr. W. Flewin for kindly allowing the society to hold its meetings at his house (the Belmont). Last week there was a large attendance to witness the impressive ceremony of advancing four brothers to the second degree "of Primo." The four brothers raised were Healy, Harrison, Kearney and Dudgeon. They were raised by Grand Delegate McCarthy and Deputy Grand Braiyer, from Grand Lodge of England. All Buffs of Victoria are requested to attend to-morrow evening's meeting.

Your Opportunity.

On Hillside avenue Page & Winnett have some two-story houses for sale at cost on monthly payments, equal only to a rent. *

For Four F's.

Fashion, Fabric, Fit, Finish, are the "Jackets" now marked down to clear at Partridge's, 86 Yates street.

The Royal Arthur Reported.

H. M. S. Royal Arthur, flagship of the Pacific squadron, arrived at Santa Barbara, Cal., yesterday and left at midnight for Esquimalt. She is expected here on Saturday evening or Sunday morning.

New Companies Organized.

The Gazette of yesterday announces the incorporation of the following companies: The Bridge River Gold Mining Company, Ltd., of Vancouver; the Kaslo Limited, of Kaslo, and the Diolock Book and Stationery Company, Limited, of Vancouver. The total amount of stock represented in the three new companies is $235,000.

Cattle Overseers.

The creation of a local board of overseers to put in effect the provisions of the Cattle Ranges Amendment Act of 1893, in that part of Clinton and Canoe creek polling divisions of Lillooet, lying west of the Fraser, has been authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council. The election of members of the board will be held at Empire Valley on July 8.

Back Again.

A. A. Clayton, watchmaker and jeweller, has reopened again at No. 27 Fort street, opposite Five Sisters block. Diamond work a specialty, including marquis, hoop and cluster rings, star and crescent pins, etc. Repairs of all kinds neatly done. Old jewellery made into latest designs. All orders, including those from the country, receive prompt attention. Expenses are low, consequently charges will be moderate. A trial solicited. 3t

Why He Had the Marbles.

A teacher at the Central School a few days ago lost a pocket book containing $3.75. She asked the students of her class if they had seen it. They all replied in chorus "no ma'am." A certain juvenile in the class was subsequently noticed to have the largest number of marbles, spin the best tops and have more candy than any other child. In class yesterday the boy was pushing something into his pocket quickly. The teacher had seen him. It was her purse and there was only 65 cents left.

The Quadra's Work.

The Quadra returned from Kelp Reef to-day at noon. Owing to rough weather yesterday very little progress was made at the reef but a foundation was, after some difficulty, completed. The base of the structure is 16 feet square. The Quadra will leave in the morning for Portier Pass to locate, if possible, the rock on which the Romulus is said to have struck. From there she will proceed to Vancouver and take across to Entrance Island the machinery for the new fog alarm to be erected there shortly.

German Cooking Versus Chinese.

The stomach of a person of refined tastes must revolt at the mere idea that his dinner has been cooked by a Chinaman. Would you send for a Chinese doctor when sick? All the Chinese cooks have been dismissed from "The Vienna," Yates street, formerly "The Wilson," and Germans have taken their places, who give general satisfaction in this popular place. Mr. Charles Eissner, formerly with Delmonico, New York, is in charge of this handsomely furnished and conveniently situated restaurant, where meals may be obtained at all hours. Lunch is served from 12 to2 at 35 cents, and table d'hote dinner from 5:30 to 8 at 50 cents; with wine, 75 cents. *

WHERE IT IS MOIST.

Excessive Rains Retards Work—Drowned in the River.

Alberni, B. C., June 14.—Rain almost [illegible] rising. This downpour is expected to clear away the snow on the mountains.

Nothing new from the quartz ledges, as development work cannot be done in weather like this. I hope to report that the China creek ledge is reached next week. Several Chinamen have come in to wash dirt on China creek, in addition to those who have been there all winter.

The paper company is busy putting things in order on the mill site.

Mrs. Tinkley had a little boy about 4 years old drowned in the river whilst fishing, on Monday. He was buried in the graveyard on Tuesday.

Rumor says that Dr. Robinson will leave the valley in July, after about ten months' residence here. He intends to take a course of study in an hospital, probably Guy's, London, England. It is to be hoped the authorities will secure another practitioner before Dr. Robinson leaves, as a medical man now appears to be a necessity in the valley, and not a nuisance, like some things that have been introduced during last year.

How is it there are not any magistrates in Alberni? We have a courthouse, a jail, a constable at $600 a year, and when the constable arrests a man and locks him up for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, there is no magistrate to try the case. Why cannot Thomas Fletcher, M. P. P., be put on the list?

THE MACHINERY STARTS.

Thunder Hill Concentrating Plant is Working Successfully.

Golden, B. C., June 15, 1893.

W. H. Bainbridge, Victoria: Machinery has been up and has run all right; having some delay with pumps, but everything else in good shape for successful work.

JAMES BRADY.

The foregoing dispatch was received this morning by Mr. Bainbridge, secretary of the Thunder Hill Mining Company. Mr. Brady is the manager. The dispatch means that the first concentrating plant set up in British Columbia is now working. The mine has been pronounced by experts one of the richest on the continent and large returns are expected of it.

Unexcelled for flavor, purity and general excellence are our wines. California Wine Company, Limited, Nos. 55 and 57 Broad street.

FELL TO HER DEATH.

Little Baby Girl Drowned in a Partly Water Tub.

The young daughter of Joseph Smithurst, Boleskine road, was drowned yesterday afternoon. The little one, aged 18 months, was playing with a toy pistol, which she accidentally dropped into a tub partly filled with water. The child was evidently attempting to get it out, lost her balance and fell into the tub. Mr. Smithurst had stepped away for a few moments, not even going out of hearing. When he returned he found his child dead. The body lay face downward, and the little toy pistol was at the bottom of the tub, showing how the accident happened. The body of the child was still warm when taken from the tub, but all efforts to restore vitality were futile.

SCOTT WON EASILY.

The J. B. A. A. Man Wins the Cup—Rifle Association Medals.

Nanaimo, June 16.—There was a large gathering of citizens on Front street last evening to witness the amateur sculling race for Sloan & Scott's handsome silver cup. The trophy was won last year by A. E. Henderson, B. I. R. C., who, in order to retain it, was required to win it twice successively. There were only three entries: A. E. Henderson, of Vancouver; Dr. G. A. B. Hall, Nanaimo, and W. Scott of the James Bay Athletic Association. The start was fairly made and Henderson and Scott went off at a rapid pace. It was easily observed that last year's winner had met a better man, and although he pushed Scott all he could, the latter came in an easy winner with Henderson second and Hall a fair third.

The boys' race was very close and interesting and was well pulled. There were also only three entries in this race: Wilson, Martin and Gus Bate. The last named came in a winner by about a length. The prize was a silver medal worth $15.

Miss E. A. Meachin was married to H. Allsop by Rev. D. A. McRae at the Presbyterian church last evening.

The Nanaimo rifle association is giving three gold medals for the three highest aggregate scores made during the season, commencing June 22nd.

On Monday afternoon a public reception will be held in St. Alban's hall at 4, when the Bishop of Columbia will be presented with an address, after which he will be entertained by the committee and members of the church.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—The Young Men's Institute will elect officers on Monday night.

—J. P. Planta, of Nanaimo, has been made a member of the Board of License Commissioners there.

—Dr. A. N. Sutton, M. B., M.R.C.S., has been made resident physician at Nicola, Yale district.

—Strawberries, gooseberries, rhubarb and fresh vegetables at Mrs. P. Wilson's Grocery, 185 Douglas street. *

—The Gazette of yesterday contains a proclamation that the public school amendment act, 1893, comes in force on July 1.

—The annual meeting of the Queen City Building Society will be held this evening. Reports will be presented and directors elected for the ensuing year.

—A Peterborough canoe containing two young men capsized at the entrance to the harbor yesterday, giving the occupants a short but very cold bath.

—Andrew Johnston and Miss Elizabeth Thompson were married last evening by Rev. Dr. Campbell. The wedding was a quiet one at the house of the minister.

—The members of the School Board met in the office of Secretary B. Williams this afternoon. They then proceeded to view the different sites offered for the new ward schools.

—The Victoria Brewing Company met yesterday to dispose of some details connected with the combination of the Phœnix Brewery Co. The Phœnix Co. failed to get a quorum.

—Trustees Lovell and Marchant of the School Board yesterday visited the Oaklands Estate, and will report at the next meeting of the board on the advisability of building a school in that locality.

—Frederick Fraser, W. H. Brown and H. N. Coursier have incorporated the Revelstoke Printing & Publishing Co. with $5000 capital stock. The firm will do a general printing and publishing business.

—Ald. Belyea has given notice that he will move at the first meeting of the council to authorize the mayor to borrow the sum of $10,899 from the Bank of B. N. A., to proceed with the extension of Broad street.

—James Thomas, caretaker at Ross Bay cemetery, was seized with paralysis while digging a well yesterday. He was taken to Jubilee Hospital in the Dupont ambulance, and was doing very well last evening.

—The annual meeting of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway Co., will be held at the head offices in this city on Wednesday, July 12, and the annual meeting of the New Westminster Southern Railway Co. in the Royal city on July 4.

In the police court Alfred Berger, drunk, was discharged. Sandy Read, similar offence, was fined $5. Wong Chung Lung, convicted of infraction of the revenue tax act, was fined $15. Ham Gik and We Hop were taxed similar sums for like offences. Ting Sing was fined $5.

—A telephone message was sent by the teachers of the Central School to the police this noon that small boys were loitering around in the school yard smoking cigarettes and teaching their companions, pupils of the school, to smoke. A constable was sent out to enforce the prohibitory law against juvenile smoking.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and From the City and Province.

D. McGillivray, of Nanaimo, is in the city.

L. L. Greene, of Portland, is at the Hotel Victoria.

Johann Wulffsohn, of Vancouver, is at the Driard.

J. W. Vail, of the Kamloops Sentinel, is in the city.

E. J. McFeely, of McLennan & McFeely, is down from Vancouver.

F. G. Haywood, of Denver, is among those registered at the Hotel Victoria.

S. M. Robins returned from the Sound last evening and returned to Nanaimo this morning.

G. Wolford, first assistant engineer of the City of Kingston, Mrs. Wolford and Miss Thomas left for Chicago last evening.

Edward J. Waugh, travelling passenger agent for the Rock Island route, with headquarters in Portland, is in the city.

A. C. Sheldon, general agent at Portland for the Chicago, Burlington & Quincey, arrived in the city last evening. He will leave for home this evening, accompanied by Mrs. Sheldon, who has been visiting relatives here.

Marine News.

Steamer Princess Louise will leave for the north this evening.

Steamer City of Puebla will sail for San Francisco on Sunday.

R. Draney's new steamer will go north to-morrow to commence her season's work.

Steamer Mande left for the west coast last evening with a full load of freght and fifteen passengers.

Spencer's Arcade

A Decided Change in the Shape of

JACKETS

Just to hand and will be opened out on Monday

A Fine Display of Blouses, Parasols, Trimmed Millinery, Shade Hats, Gloves, Etc., Suitable for the 24th.

SUMMER STOCK COMPLETE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

D. SPENCER, Government St.

A Remarkable Statement

It is rather startling to be told that in the entire English army, out of many thousands of officers who carry swords, there are comparatively very few who have the smallest notion of using the weapon they carry with that absolute confidence that habit alone gives. This statement, however, was made by Col. Gordon Ives before a military audience at the United Service Institution, where it appears to have been received with general assent. Col. Ives was going going down to hunt near his home in Hampshire one day, knowing nothing of the school at Aldershot, and meeting two officers in the train also going to the same meet of the hounds, he said, "If Sir Evelyn Wood will allow me to come and practice in the summer time, when I am at home, at the fencing school at Aldershot, I shall be very glad." They said no doubt they would. "Do many officers go there?" inquired Col. Ives. The reply, we are told, was: "No, hardly one. You will find some instructors there, and you will find some very fairly trained men, but you will not find any officers."

Does Electricity Kill.

M. d'Arsonval, one of the most scientific men in France, a man with regard to whose honor and consummate ability there is no question, has just asserted that the electric shock of the New York penal law does not kill. He maintains and insists that the current simply brings about apparent death, and that the person subjected to it may be revived by artificial respiration. In other words, the criminals who have been subjected to death by electricity in New York have not been killed by electricity, but by the knives of the surgeons who made the autopsy. * * * D'Arsonval holds that a person struck by an electric shock should be treated exactly as one drowned, and the formula which he has given to electricians has called back to life a number of men since its publication. He severely stigmatizes the putting of criminals to death by electricity as a complicated, barbarous and unreliable proceeding, and he dares American doctors to practice artificial respiration upon the criminal after his so-called "death." D'Arsonval maintains that the use of dynamic electricity produces in man a kind of anaesthesia under cover of which he is mangled alive, and must be so in order to become a corpse.—The Chronicle, St. Louis.

Australian Snakes.

Prof. Baldwin Spencer has contributed an interesting article on Australian snakes to the Melbourne Australasian. the Professor describes the characteristics of the various species which are found on the continent. In the course of the article he says: "Luckily for us in Australia our snakes do not belong to the most venomous kinds, such as are frequently met with in India, for example. Whenever any one doe happen to die after a snake bite—which, in proportion to the population, is very rare—we certainly hear a good deal about it, though it is quite possible that the death is due rather more to a mixture of fright and so-called remedies than to the direct action of the snake venom. In snake bite much depends upon the amount of poison which the snake produces and can eject; and luckily our Australian forms only secrete a comparatively small amount, and are hence relatively harmless when compared with those which in India are responsible for some 20,000 deaths annually.

"Our Australian snakes, for example, do not secrete anything like the quantity that a cobra or a rattlesnake does, and are proportionately less dangerous. Fortunately also for us, we have a habit of going about clothed, and the poison fangs of the snakes are not long enough under ordinary circumstances to do much harm, if they have to bite through leather or even ordinary clothes; and beyond this there is the satisfaction in the knowledge that if it can do so a snake prefers to get of of your way. Many people regard the Australian bush as a hotbed of snakes, while as a matter of fact you can often travel through the scrub day after day without seeing any trace of a snake, and certainly without runing more than the smallest chance of being bitten."

How to Get "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why Does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

The wines sold by us are pleasing to all and contain nothing injurious. California Wine Company, 55 and 57 Broad street.

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To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

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The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, VICTORIA, B.C.

We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use.
A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

TROUT LAKE CITY

WEST KOOTENAY, B.C.

THE ABOVE TOWNSITE IS NOW ON THE MARKET. It is situated on the North end of Trout Lake in the famous Lardeau Country, which is going to be one of the richest mining regions in America. Numerous rich claims have been found close to this Townsite, which will make it the distributing point for an immense tract of Country. It is the only level land on the North end of the Lake. The trail from Lardeau City, on Arrow Lake, to Kootenay Lake, runs through the Townsite. The owners intend to expend money on Streets and other improvements in the spring.

For the next 30 days Lots will be sold for $150 for corners, $100 for insides.

For further particulars apply to

H. ASHBY & CO., At the Head Office, Nelson, B. C.
HENRY CROFT, Victoria, B. C.

WEILER BROS.

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Axminster, Wilton, Brussels, Velvet, Moquette and Tapestry.

Fine Assortment of Rugs.

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SHOW ROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

$1.50 PER PAIR

For Farmers, Mechanics and Workingmen.

360 PAIRS

English Kip, Hand-Sewed Military Bluchers.
Bargains like these are like angels' visits,
"Few and far between."

A. B. ERSKINE,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

TURNING THE CRANK.

A TERRIBLE PUNISHMENT INFLICTED IN BURMA.

Convicts Who Refuse to Work, Are Chained to the Treadmill, and Subject to the Most Excruciating Tortures—The Inquisition Recalled.

One of the greatest horrors of the old English jail system as described in Reade's "Never Too Late to Mend," was the turning of a crank attached to a machine which registered the number of revolutions. By the adding of weights to the machine the difficulty of turning the crank can be increased, and the punishment consists in making the prisoner perform a certain number of revolutions. This machine has long since been taken from the English jails in civilized lands, but it still exists in the jail at Burma. The prisoner is confined in a close cell and in one wall of this is set this crank. The machinery of the crank is on the outside of the cell, and the man who turns it round and round cannot see how much or how little he has done. He knows that he is accomplishing nothing of value as he works, and the cruel jailer may add such a weight as to make it almost impossible for him to turn it. Still an ordinary punishment is 10,000 revolutions a day; and I saw men with nothing but a breechcloth upon them straining and pushing as they turned these machines while great beads of sweat stood out upon their brow and skin. "It is," said the jailer, who took me about, "the most terrible punishment we have, and it serves to keep the prisoners in order."

"But suppose they won't turn the crank," said I; "what do you do then?"

"Oh," replied the guide, with a smile, "I will show you."

He then took me into a great machine shop where at least a hundred of these Burmese convicts were working at blacksmithing and wagonmaking under the eye of a taskmaker. He showed me an adjoining shop, which consisted of a planing mill with its accompaniments in which at least a hundred more men were working. These two shops had scores of machines run by pulleys and wheels, and a great leather belt furnished the power for the buzz saw and the planing mill. I looked about for the power that ran this machinery, and the guide motioned me to follow him. He took me into a room adjoining the shops and, as I looked about me, he said: "This is our cure for the prisoners who won't undergo the punishment of the crank. If they refuse to work we chain them to the treadmill, and an hour's labor will subjugate the most obstinate convict."

Imagine a low, narrow room, 150 feet long and perhaps 30 feet wide, and in this put six great cogwheels, each about twelve feet in diameter, so that they make one continuous wheel from one end of the room to the other. Let the cogs on this great wheel be boards half an inch thick and about six inches wide, and put these boards along the wheel, running horizontally from one end to the other, about one foot apart. They now form a set of steps, by which a man standing upon them, can by his weight make the wheel move. There is a bar up above the wheel, and to this the men hold their hands if they are peaceable, and to which they are chained, if they are not. In this position they must move, or the wheel goes on and leaves them hanging by their hands. When I entered this room 150 men, bare to the waist, and clad only in a waistcoat, hung on to the bar, and kept walking up and up this massive wheel, and these men formed the power which ran these two immense machine shops. Every one of the prisoners had heavy chains upon his feet. Some had iron bracelets on their wrists, and all had iron collars about their necks. The bare legs of some bore chains so heavy that they had tied them up and fastened them to their waistcoats in order that they might not be impeded in their work by them, and that the weight might be taken from their ankles. Several of the men were handcuffed and their hands thus fastened were chained over the bar above the wheel. These were the men who had refused the crank that morning, and others had committed minor faults for which they were undergoing this punishment. At the foot of this great wheel, and under the shadow of these three hundred legs which stepped upward to the musical jingle of the chains upon them 150 other prisoners squatted on their knees and held up their hands together toward myself and the guide in the attitude of prayer. They remained in this attitude as long as we stayed in the room, and in going throughout the big jail, wherever we met a convict he bobbed down upon his knees, folded his hands, and remained thus until we passed. I asked the reason for this, and was told that it was done in order to prevent the prisoners taking the guards by surprise.

All of the 4,000 men and women in this big Burmese jail do work of some kind; and though the English are, perhaps, the most advanced people in the world in their use of steam, there is not a steam engine of any kind in this prison city. I saw the waterworks of the establishment: it consisted of a number of barelegged men, with chains upon them, walking up a wheel like the treadmill, and in the rice mills and oil-pressing establishment the grinding up of the seeds which make the oil and of the rice for food, was all done by hand. I saw men straining every muscle, while the sweat poured in streams off their bare backs as they dragged one heavy millstone around upon another: and I was told that each man was expected to make and clean fifty pounds of flour daily in the flour mill. Throughout the other parts of the jail I noticed the same possibilities of cruelty, and an inhuman jailer could here make his prisoners suffer tortures equal almost to those of the Inquisition.—Frank G. Carpenter in the Independent.

Divorce Statistics.

A statistician who has been looking into the matter of divorce has found that the proportion of divorces to population is least in Ireland—only one divorce to every 400,000 inhabitants. In the United States the proportion of divorces is ominously large, 88.71 to every 100,000 population, the largest known, in fact, save Japan, the figures for that happy empire being 608 45 divorces to every 100,000 population.

Easily Pleased.

A young man in Wrentham, Mass., has been finding amusement in mailing postage stamps and sending greetings to European potentates. He is delighted beyond measure at having already received acknowledgements from the czar of Russia, the king of Greece and others.

LEOPOLD, OF BELGIUM.

Sketch of the Ruler of a People Who Are Now Turbulent.

King Leopold, of Belgium, whose subjects are making life unpleasant for him just now, was born in Brussels April 9, 1835, succeeded his father, Leopold I., on the Belgian throne December 10, 1865, and has therefore ruled for twenty-eight years. In 1840 he was created duke of Brabant, and this title has since been recognized as that of the heir apparent to the Belgian throne. He took his seat in the senate on reaching his majority, in 1855, and in the same year married Archduchess Marie Henrietta, daughter of the late Duke Joseph, of Austria. Three children have been born to them, namely: Leopold, duke of Brabant, in 1859; Princess Louisa, in 1858, and Princess Stephanie, in 1864,

LEOPOLD, KING OF THE BELGIANS.

widow of Crown Prince Rudolph, of Austria, whose tragic death a few years ago was the sensation of two continents. Leopold has proved a safe king and conservative ruler, as was evidenced by his selection by the great European powers as king of the Congo state. He has traveled extensively, is deeply interested in art, and is well liked by his subjects.

A NOTED BRITISH JUSTICE.

Justice Jeune, who has just had to commit a Duchess to durance vile, is an aristocrat himself—the son of a Bishop, the husband of a leader of fashion, the principal ecclesiastical counsel, and now the judge of the morals of his country men and women, "and a good judge, too." The firmness and tact with which he sent the Duchess of Sutherland to Holloway Prison would have taxed the capabilities of many another and older judge. Sir Francis Jeune has also a keen sense of humor, which is an immense relief to those who have to deal with the seamy and tragic side of life. Even from dry ecclesiastical cases he extracted humor. When the famous Bishop of Lincoln trial commenced in the library of Lambeth Palace, it opened, of course, with prayer. Mr. Jeune, as he was then, devoutly joined in, when the counsel acting with him for the Bishop pulled at his gown and said: "Jeune, you must

JUSTICE JEUNE.

not do that; you know we don't acknowledge this court." "All right," replied Mr. Jeune, "I am praying without prejudice!" In the same case, however, the reporters present when prayers began scribbled away zealously, taking down every word, until one of them said to another: "It strikes me I've heard this stuff somewhere before." It was some time before they discovered it was not a part of the legal proceedings. I hope none of them are, like myself, members of the Institute of Journalists.

HARRY FURNISS.

CANADIAN JUDGES.

Among the recently-appointed Canadian judges were two London, Ont., gentlemen whose portraits are here published. Both are natives of the grand old County of Middlesex and were popular in legal and political circles in the Forest City.

Duncan McMillan, Q.C., was born in Hyde Park, near the city of London, was educated at Queens College, Kingston, Ont., studied law with Macdonald (Sir John A.), Macdonald & Wilkinson and returned to London where he practiced his profession, an esteemed member of the local bar for 30 years. His appointment to the judgeship of the County Court of the County of Haldimand, Ont., dates from February last, and he is now filling the high and honorable post at Cayuga, the county seat. Judge McMillan is eminently qualified for the position. His ability is unquestioned, and his long experience as a practitioner adds to his equipment. He represented the East Riding of Middlesex in the Dominion House of Commons for 12 years and his appointment was the reward of faithful party service.

JUDGE M'MILLAN.

The Dominion Government evidently found London to be peculiarly adapted for the development of men likely to adorn the ranks of the Ontario County judiciary for the appointment of Judge McMillan was very soon followed by the elevation of W. W. Fitzgerald, Q. C., to the bench. He was created Judge of the County Court of the County of Welland, Ont., and Local Judge of the Supreme Court of Judicature on March 10th last to succeed the late Judge Baxter. Judge Fitzgerald was born in London Township, studied law in the office of J. H. Fleck, London, and later with Spencer, Bull & Macdonald, Toronto, and was admitted to the bar in 1871 and created a Q. C. in 1890. He was a member of the London Board of Aldermen several terms and had an excellent reputation as a lawyer. He is well known throughout Ontario as an active Orangeman and is Past Grand Master of the Grand Orange Lodge of Western Ontario.

JUDGE FITZGERALD.

The appointees have been received by the local bars of Haldimand and Welland with demonstrations of pleasure and satisfaction.

Wall paper and room mouldings at Meltor's, Fort street, above Douglas. *

PURE COFFEE.

THIS IS THE COFFEE THAT WON THE GREAT WORLD'S FAIR CONTRACT.

GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY PURE.

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CHASE & SANBORN,

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Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the new famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

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NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business.

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. apl7-1y W. J. WARD, MANAGER.

NAKUSP & SLOCAN MINES

The Eldorado of British Columbia

All the ore output now assured to Nakusp by the immediate construction of the NAKUSP & SLOCAN RAILWAY, which will start at Nakusp and end at the Forks of Carpenter Creek, directly in the centre of the Slocan Mines.

No Other Route can Possibly Compete

Thirty-five miles of Railway from Nakusp will tap the whole of the Mines of the Slocan District, and the ores are bound to come out BY THE NATURAL GATEWAY, VIA NAKUSP, to the general welfare and prosperity of the Province.

Look at the Map.

A Provincial Railway Charter and subsidy and a Dominion Railway Charter have been obtained for the Nakusp & Slocan Railway, and the Canadian Pacific Co. have entered into an agreement to lease and operate the Railway for 25 years. There can be no doubt as to the importance of NAKUSP, the Gateway of the Slocan Country, either from the North or South, and the principal shipping and distributing point for all the district tributary to Slocan Lake.

Concentrators and Samplers

Now in contemplation, consequent on the definite settlement of the Railway question. The Nakusp & Slocan Railway will be built with a rush right into the heart of the Mines. See Wardner's and other experts' estimates of the production of Slocan Mines in the press. All this now assured is directly tributary to the Nakusp & Slocan Railway.

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SPEED			Victoria Route.			TONNAGE
18 knots			S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			1117
8 00 am	Lv	M1	...*Tacoma...	110	Ar	5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	....Seattle....	82	Lv	3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria†...	M1	Lv	8 30 pm

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	M1			A	
11 00 pm	Lv	28	...*Seattle....	58	Ar	6 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	.Port Madison	47	Lv	2 10 pm
	Lv	45	...Kingston...	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	21	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	Pt. Townsend	M1	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‖ Daily except Monday.

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JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

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Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island every alternate Thursday at.....7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria " " Store street.

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S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, July 5, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

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Contractor for Chinese labor at short notice. 42 Fisgard Street, Victoria.

18-2m P.O. Box 457.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Provisions of the Creditor's Trust Deeds Act, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that James Munroe Miller of the city of Victoria, printer, by a certain deed dated and executed by him on the 18th day of May, 1893, assigned to me, Thomas T. Hull, of the same place, accountant, all his real and personal property for the purpose of paying and satisfying rateably or proportionately, and without preference or priority, all his creditors their just debts.

The said deed was executed by me, Thomas T. Hull, on the 18th day of May, A.D. 1893. All persons having claims against the said assignor are requested to send them in on or before the 31st day of May next to me the undersigned with full particulars in writing, signed by the party claiming.

All persons indebted to the said assignor are also required to pay the amounts due by them to the assignor, to me on or before the above date.

THOMAS T. HULL.

Dated Victoria, 18th May, 1893. m18-1m

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No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captain Marryatt.
No. 23. THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.
No. 24. MR. MEESON'S WILL. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 25. JENNY BARLOWE. By W. Clarke Russell.
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No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By Charles Reade.
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THE TIMES, Victoria, B. C.

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BEST ASSORTMENT EVER SHOWN IN VICTORIA.
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SILVER AND GALENA.

Latest Reports From the Great Mining Region of Kootenay.

(Kaslo Examiner.)

A rich strike has been made on the Little Slocan near Slocan City.

The Tiger, north extension of the Best, shows antimony silver running 500 ounces.

Some more unlucky prospectors have been upset in the Duncan and all their "grub stake" lost.

A big strike has been made in the gulch on the opposite side of Kootenay lake from Kaslo.

G. O. Buchanan is enlarging the capacity of his saw and planing mill and putting in new machinery.

The Chief on Carpenter Creek has 18 inches solid ore for 100 feet gray copper carrying 21 oz. silver.

The Noble Five Company have 4000 sacks of ore ready for hauling. Sacks weigh from 175 to 200 pounds.

The contract for clearing the first twelve miles of the Kaslo-Slocan railway was awarded to John A. Cameron.

Wm. Ellerton, a Colorado miner, left Kaslo Thursday with a splendid outfit for a prospecting trip through the Selkirk mountains.

During the last fortnight the lake and river have fallen about six inches, but a cold or warm night causes them to vary considerably.

Three bears have been shot in the neighborhood of Trout lake, and two caribou, while the boys can still catch all the fish they want to eat.

Supt. Fisher of the Freddie Lee mine came down to Kaslo Wednesday. They have begun stoping out ore and will be ready to ship as soon as the roads will permit.

There are 13 tons of ore from the Northern Belle mine lying on the beach to be shipped to Aurora, Ill. Assays of the ore awaiting shipment show 90 ounces silver.

Trout lake is soon to have many rival townsites in its neighborhood; not to mention Selkirk, Dawson and Trout Lake City, pre-emptions are being taken up right and left.

Those who have been in the hills claim that it is too early by three or four weeks to prospect, but in spite of this many claims have been located during the last month. The snow is disappearing very fast.

The following petition was circulated in the vicinity of Hauser lake this week, and received over 50 subscribers:—"We the undersigned free miners of British Columbia in the Duncan river mining district, do hereby petition your gold commissioner, Captain Napoleon Fitzstubbs, to appoint Mr. Frank Heap of Hauser City as deputy recorder of said district."

Gilliam and Howson have returned after a very hard trip, bringing with them 40 pounds of ore as pretty looking as ever came from the Slocan country. They are more than satisfied with the prospect they went in to see. They shot one bear on the trip and saw three others. On the glacier they saw what appeared to be a polar bear; it was pure white. They failed to get a shot at it.

It is quite probable that the Gem City mine will change hands soon. Mr. C. E. Benson, of Spokane, has made an offer of $40,000 to the owners, Jack Harding and R. H. Kemp, who have the proposition under advisement and are likely to accept. The Gem City is located near Lake Creek in the vicinity of the Carbonate and the Maveric and shows a three-foot vein with about 16 inches of ore and can be traced 300 feet on the surface. The ore assays about 100 in silver and about 68 per cent. lead.

Frank McGuire, an old-time prospector and miner from Montana, came down from the Duncan country last week. Mr. McGuire reports that several new discoveries have been made recently, and two in particular, the Alice and the Hope, are simply wonderful. These two claims were taken up on May 24th, and are located on Two Mile creek, below the big jam. The ledge can be traced 1800 feet on the surface, and has a uniform width of from five to eight feet. This is a new and distinct belt and is the first distinct galena discovery on the Duncan, and of course has created some excitement. A large number of prospectors are scouring the hills in the vicinity and locations are being made.

George Hughes, owner of the Mountain Chief, brought to town a specimen sample of a find he had made. The ore is a lovely specimen of galena, with a ruby tint, which some believe to be ruby silver, a description of ore not yet discovered here. Yet, it is probable that this specimen contains the properties of ruby silver. Comparing this sample with others from the same mine, which was assayed the 10th of last month, and which went 2500 ounces, it was as good, richer and cleaner. If the Mountain Chief continues improving, it will yet take the highest rank amongst the Slocan mines.

SLASHING THE RATES.

Mr. James Hill Has Materially Reduced Passenger and Express Rates.

President "Jim" Hill of the Great Northern railway has at last laid aside his axe, for a time, at least. His latest work in the line of cuts was a 25 per cent. reduction in express charges, and nearly a 50 per cent. cut in passenger rates. The passenger rate reduction is explained in the following telegram from St. Paul:

St. Paul, June 14.—The Great Northern railway gives the following explanation in the cuts in rates to all western points: "On June 5 the lines competing for north Pacific coast passenger traffic were notified of our dissatisfaction with the conditions under which the said traffic was being handled, for the reason that 75 to 80 per cent of the business in both directions was being carried upon a second-class basis, indicating that a large percentage of this second-class business was only so in name and the direct result of unnatural conditions. A conference was requested, but the several interested parties failed to attend. On June 13 our representative met some of the interested parties, but the conference was not productive of any satisfactory results. It is not to be expected, therefore, in inaugurating our through service, we shall provide a higher basis of rates for first-class travel than has prevailed by the lines of our competitors, and we, therefore, announce that our basis of first-class rates will be the rate at which travel is carried in tourist cars. We further believe that class travel rates should be made westbound. Contemplating reasonable accommodations therefore, effective on the 18th inst., the following rates will be made: From our eastern terminals to North Pacific coast points, first-class, $35; second-class, $25.

"To Spokane, first-class, $30; second-class, $20. To Helena and Butte, first-class, $25; second-class, $18."

First-class rates will apply in both directions; second-class on westbound only. Tickets at these rates will be limited to continuous passage. The reduction in rates is apparent in saying that the cut in first-class rates to Seattle and other coast points is $25, and for second-class $10; to Spokane the cut in first-class ticket rates is $26.50, and second-class $13; to Helena and Butte, first-class is $15; second-class $8. The equipment on the trains will be new, consisting of first and second-class coaches, free colonist cars, buffet, library and parlor cars, dining cars and first-class sleepers.

The official excuse for the cut will hardly be accepted generally, for there are other reasons for such a move. First of all, it is a great bid for World's Fair business, and then the Great Northern has opened a comparatively unsettled country where there is room for thousands of people. The cheap rates offer a golden opportunity for settlers and land seekers to come out along the line and find homes.

Rough on Baby.

An English provincial newspaper recently called attention to a feeding-bottle (i. e., nursing-bottle) advertisement, which concluded with the words:

"When the baby is done drinking it must be unscrewed and laid in a cool place under a tap. If the baby does not thrive on fresh milk it should be boiled."

This, it is remarked, is a trifle hard on the baby.

WARSHIP IN A POCKET.

How a Spanish Ironclad Was Detained in a Critical Time.

Speaking of docking at the Brooklyn navy-yard of the huge Spanish ironclad Reina Regente a naval officer who is full of reminiscences in the past told the story of the last Spanish cruiser which availed itself of the privileges of that drydock. It was in 1873 and the ship was the Arapiles. She was a comparatively new ship, of about 14,000 tons, ironclad, and at that time equal in fighting strength to half a dozen of our wooden men-of-war, the best ships we had. The Arapiles had been at the yard the entire summer, undergoing the most extensive repairs. Her machinery had been thoroughly overhauled, and when November came she was in the drydock having her bottom scraped and painted, and, in short, receiving the finishing touches which would make her entirely ready for the sea, a dangerous cruiser for an enemy to meet, armed as she was with a splendid battery of Armstrong and Whitworth guns. But just as she was about finished and ready to go, the capture of the American steamer Virginius by the Spanish government, and the execution, by shooting, of her captain and 40 of his men at Santiago de Cuba occurred, and in an instant war was imminent.

Telegraphic orders were sent from Washington to fit out at once every available ship at the yard, and in 24 hours the working force was increased to 4,000 men, getting the ships ready for Cuban waters. The old Colorado, which a few months before had returned from the China station and was resting dismantled in the "ordinary" row, was one of the first to be ready, as was also the gunboat Kansas and the old Wampanoag, or Florida. The relations between the Spaniards and ourselves were getting rather awkward. The yard was soon fitted up with war supplies and stores, and among them large quantities of coal. A hasty purchase of the latter article was made late one afternoon and the barges came to the yard about dark.

Owing to an accident or blunder, one of the coal barges was anchored directly in front of the gate of the drydock where the Spanish ironclad lay, and in some unaccountable way the barge sank at her moorings that night, making the Arapiles a helpless prisoner. The weather was awful, causing a rough sea in the navy yard waters, and that was one of the reasons assigned for the barge's ill-luck. The next day, when it was attempted to raise her by means of the yard derrick, an important part of the machinery broke, and the job had to be temporarily abandoned. The Spaniards raved and said large and naughty words in their own dulcet language, but the Colorado and Kansas "flew de coop" in the meantime, and before the Arapiles arrived at Sandy Hook were down on the Cuban coast.

Even when the Spanish ship left the yard, the pilot managed to land her on a rock off the foot of Bridge street, and after many apologies suggested to the captain to go back to the yard to see how far she was damaged, but the Spaniard turned green at the suggestion and went right off to sea, stopping long enough at the Battery to send down a diver, who reported the damages as slight. Some of the boys say that if the Arapiles had gone back to the yard she would have been there yet, and her commander had a wise head in going right on his way. Happily there was no war. The secretary of the navy ordered an investigation as to the accident to the coal barge, and it resulted in the reprimanding of an unfortunate master's mate, who ought to have known better than anchor the barge in the spot where he did. The Spaniards were very angry about it, so my naval friend says, but time soothed their wounded feelings.—Brooklyn Eagle.

B. C. at the Imperial Institute.

We pointed out in our last issue the chief features of the exhibits in the courts of the Maritime Provinces, Quebec and Ontario at the Imperial institute, and we had to lament many omissions and inadequacies. Things improve a good deal as the visitor passes to the courts devoted to Western Canada. The British Columbia court occupies a position next to that of Ontario. The chief ornament of the exhibit—the gold obelisk mounted on a solid tube of British Columbia wood, and representing the gold production of the province—is to be erected just outside the court, but visible from it. The display of the woods of the province is effective, and comprises a magnificent section of the Douglas pine—half polished to show the beautiful grain—with white pine panels forming an arc over the whole. The British Columbia mineral exhibit, apart from the obelisk, is not what it should be. It is all very well for British Columbian gentlemen to come to this country and abuse Englishmen because they will not invest their money in developing the mineral resources of the province, but British Columbia must give ocular proof of what she possesses, and these relics of coal and other minerals from 1886 are of small account. The visitor moreover will hardly be inclined to invest in fruit farming in the province unless a fuller display of fruits is forthcoming. The Canadian Pacific Railway Company lends some excellent bottled samples; but is this all the California of Canada can do? The agricultural resources, fish, wealth, and sporting and scenic attractions of the province also call for much better representation. The furs are well shown in a handsome case, and among the Indian curios is an excellent specimen of the fish skin dress of the natives. At Chicago British Columbia has made a special effort, and the Institute will benefit therefrom next year; but cannot something be done meanwhile to help Mr. Beeton in his effort to make the court what it should be, seeing the abundant resources of the Pacific Province?—Canadian Gazette.

WHAT WOMEN WILL WEAR.

A Professor of Physiology Says the Nex Fashion Will be Mustaches.

A learned German, who has devoted himself to the study of physiology, anthropology and allied sciences, makes the rather startling assertion that mustaches are becoming commoner among the women of the present day than in the past. He tells us that in Constantinople, among the unveiled women that are to be met with, one out of ten possesses an unmistakable covering of down on the upper lip. In the capital of Spain, again, the proportion of ladies with the masculine characteristic is said to be quite equal to that observable on the Golden Horn.

An American medical man states that in Philadelphia fully three per cent. of the adult fair sex are similarly adorned, and probably the proportion would be still larger but that many women take the trouble to eradicate the unwelcome growth by the application of depillatory preparations. Is this increase in the number of women with hair on their faces to be regarded as a sign that the human race is improving?

Very few men, at all events, will be disposed to consider that a mustache adds to the charms of the opposite sex. Englishmen, indeed, only a generation ago, had such a detestation of mustaches and beards that the practice of shaving all hair off the face down to the mutton-chop whiskers was all but unisal. From one extreme our clean-shaven fathers plunged into the other, and beards and mustaches rapidly became the fashion. The fashion has of late years again been modified. Beards are less common, but the mustache is cultivated in England as widely as on the continent.

But why should the fair sex be visited by this infliction? Some writers on ethnology hold that the higher races of mankind are always the hairier, and Mr. Mott thinks that in a few centuries men and women will all be clothed in hair. But we do not believe Mr. Mott, and we certainly should not care to live to see the day of bearded beauty.—London Standard.

there were Shriners in the room. The dissolution of the order is openly predicted here to-day.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—G E Ames, Jno Brownlee, Jno O Phillips, Jno Parker, T Breen, G L Coombes—Arkelsbort and wife, W Larmento, F H Osgood, D Doncaster, Annie Fogg, Miss Hardy, Saml Dowe, Mary Ann Dowe, Kate Dowe, Miss Ross, Jno Morgan, Geo McRae, H R Shertzer, Miss Hall, Jno Watson, E J Jeffs and wife, Jno Hog, Wm Kidde, Mrs J White, L Wolf, T Bateman, A C Sheldon, A J Kane, Jas Clarkson, Jno Nallon, C M Carr, T Neallon, L L Green, Chas Damitzer and S M Robins.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—G H Fry, Jos Walsh, G H Richardson, Mrs Sankie, H F W Behnsen, C W McDonald, T H Langley D McGillivray, C R Slater, Mrs Sully, W G Johnson, A McFisher, E J Waugh, H A Brinkman, G Fisher, E J Waugh, H A Brinkman, G Ginnes, F Challoner, R J Biddall, Chas Wallis, W H Sailing, Mrs Stinn, T Turner, J Wulffsohn, R McIver, E J McFeely, Mrs Sully, Mrs Slater, P McL Forin, W C Ward, Mrs Campbell, F T Haigh, Mrs Fisher, J Fiorin, P Gould, H J Williams, L Sankie, T G Hayward, Mrs Thos Hooper, Thos Hooper, Dr Milne, W G Jeffreys, Wm Sully, Miss K Sully, Dr McAlpine, J G Fox, Mrs P Gorman, Mrs Haig, J Berghoff, Miss Quimby.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—McQuade & Son, Bishop of Columbia, John Boyd, F Norris, R A Brown, J D Rae, G F Burnett, B Crawford, John Parker, E G Prior & Co, L F Duuville, Nicholles & R, Phoenix Brg Co, and Wilson Bros.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—Weller Bros, D Spencer, N S Keeper, S F Eyr, W C Ward, Turner Beeton, order E A M, order O F P Bros, J L Beckwith, R Ward, T N Hibben, Staff Surgeon, Langley & Co, Thornton Fell, J A T Caton, J Johnston, Rev W H Pearce, E G Prior, Lenz & Leiser, Rev S Cleaver, Blair & Gordon, H Saunders, H J Scott, J Wilson, J Walsh, M R Smith, Mount Baker Hotel, Dalby & Claxton, P McQuade, R C P Co, Thorpe & Co, Victoria Iron Works, Dom Exp Co.

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THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)
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The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.
The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.
The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.
The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.
SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Superintendent

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½ acre Blocks, $200; 1 acre Blocks at $500; easy terms.
50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $50 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
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99 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,800.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
63 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $300 per acre; improvements $4,000; good terms.
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Several good Houses to Rent.

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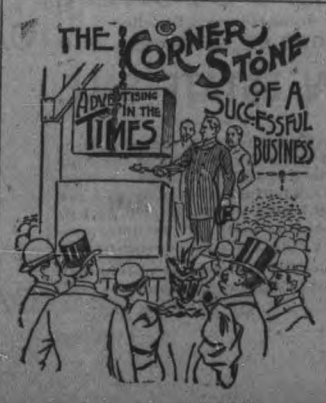

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SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Tacoma Team Wins the Association's Silver Tankard.

WARE, SPOKANE KILLS FORTY STRAIGHT

The Association Will Have No More Live Bird Contests at Its Tournaments—Denham Wins the Medal for the Highest Average for Two Days.

The four events on yesterday's programme were not completed until late last evening. The scores made were better than on the first day. The live bird match was a disappointment. The birds had been locked up a long while, and many of them could not fly well.

EVENT NO. 7.

Live birds; Globe trophy championship; ten singles; ties fifteen singles; entrance $5.00. First prize, gold trophy, diamond setting, presented by the Morning Globe, Tacoma; value $350. Second prize, 30 per cent. Third prize, 20 per cent.

Cooper, of Whatcom, who won the badge in 1890 and 1891, and Denham, of Tacoma, who won it in 1892, both took part in yesterday's match. Both killed nine birds, but as there were several tens they have lost their chances of winning it this year. The score is as follows:

(The figure 2 where it occurs means that the bird shot at was killed with the second barrel.)

J. Bell, Tacoma	12000-02202	5
T. F. Smith, Tacoma	22221-12212	10
E. S. Barlow, Tacoma	02200-12221	7
J. J. Evans, Portland	22112-12221	10
W. R. Dodge, Tacoma	21210-20112	8
W. Greig, Victoria	11121-12111	10
A. K. Churchill, Seattle	21200-12121	8
W. H. Adams, Victoria	20121-22222	9
F. H. Hewlings, Victoria	12110-21010	7
H. N. Short, Victoria	02201-12201	7
C. W. Minor, Victoria	22112-22021	9
W. B. George, Spokane	21222-21222	10
W. Conover, Seattle	10022-01120	6
O. Weller, Victoria	01111-01221	8
P. Kinzil, Portland	11100-12112	8
D. L. Williams, Portland	11121-22012	9
B. H. John, Victoria	12112-00112	8
Z. Doty, Whatcom	11211-11111	10
R. C. Stevens, Portland	22222-01121	9
W. D. More, Portland	11122-10022	8
W. J. Leary, Ladner's	22201-11111	9
P. N. Thompson, Vancouver	21111-11220	9
E. J. White, Vancouver	01210-22011	8
H. T. Denham, Tacoma	11111-01222	9
E. A. Kimball, Tacoma	12211-22222	10
D. Cooper, Whatcom	11122-01222	9
J. W. Edwards, Seattle	12110-11101	8
W. A. Eberly, Tacoma	12201-01.01	7
E. E. Ellis, Tacoma	10122-00212	7
T. A. Bringham, Tacoma	22212-11210	9
N. G. Sisson, Spokane	12101-02222	8
T. B. Ware, Spokane	11121-22212	10
T. F. Warren, Spokane	12012-21011	8
C. E. Hughes, Portland	01022-11211	8
F. S. Maclure, Victoria	22022-11211	9
C. K. Clark, Portland	11112-22122	10
A. L. Alki, Portland	22220-11221	9
W. A. Hardy, Seattle	12222-02101	8
J. C. Maclure, Victoria	11220-00211	7

EVENT NO. 8.

Fifteen singles; entrance $2.50; added $50. First prize 30 per cent.; second prize 25 per cent.; third prize 20 per cent.; fourth prize 15 per cent.; fifth prize 10 per cent.

Fifty-one contestants took part in this match. C. W. Minor of Victoria and W. A. Eberly of Tacoma made 15 each. The following broke fourteen: C. E. Hughes, W. B. George, P. Kinzil, B. H. John, F. H. Hewlings and W. R. Dodge.

EVENT NO. 9.

Ten singles and three pairs; entrance $2.50; added $50.

First prize 50 per cent.; second prize 30 per cent.; third prize 20 per cent.

This was by far the most interesting match of the day, quick shooting being necessary to break the pairs. The scores follow:

	Singles.	Doubles.
F. H. Hewlings	0011001111—6	10-00-10—2
T. R. Ware	1111111101—9	10-10-11—4
W. B. George	1001111110—7	10-11-00—3
B. L. Williams	1110111111—9	00-10-10—2
C. R. Clarke	1001001011—5	10-00-10—2
E. E. Ellis	1111000110—6	10-10-00—2
E. S. Barlow	1011111111—9	00-10-10—2
H. T. Denham	1111111011—9	10-11-11—5
C. E. Hughes	1100111110—7	11-11-11—6
F. S. Maclure	1110001101—6	11-10-11—5
P. Kinzil	1111101101—8	11-11-10—5
C. W. Minor	1111110111—9	00-10-10—2
J. C. Maclure	11111110111—9	10-10-10—3
Featherstone	0110101111—7	11-11-00—4
J. F. Warren	1111111111—10	10-11-10—4
D. Cooper	0100111111—7	11-10-11—5
J. J. Evans	1101111111—9	10-10-10—3
F. Thompson	0111010111—7	10-11-10—4
Z. Doty	1110110111—8	10-10-10—3
W. A. Eberly	1110110101—7	10-10-10—3
E. G. White	0100001010—3	00-10-00—1
C. Fogg	1100111100—5	10-10-10—3
F. H. Mason	0111111011—8	10-10-10—3
O. Weller	1111011111—9	10-11-11—5
N. G. Sisson	1001111001—6	11-10-10—4
W. H. Adams	1110110000—5	10-10-10—3
T. A. Bringham	0101110111—7	11-11-11—6
W. R. Dodge	0111101111—8	10-01-00—2
T. F. Smith	1110110010—6	10-10-11—4
B. H. John	1110111111—9	10-10-10—3
W. D. Burgess	1110001101—6	00-11-11—4
H. A. Munn	1111111111—10	00-11-10—3

SPECIAL PRIZES, $45.00.

Highest averages in events Nos. 1, 2 and 4—First prize $20; second prize $15; third prize $10.

There was a close race for special prizes or the highest averages in Wednesday's events. The possible was 35 birds. W. A. Eberly, Tacoma; H. T. Denham, Tacoma; O. Weller, Victoria, made 33 birds each. T. F. Warren, Spokane; J. C. Maclure, Victoria; C. E. Hughes, Portland; E. E. Ellis, Tacoma; D. A. Kinzil, Portland, made 31 birds each. H. N. Short, Victoria; T. A. Bringham, Tacoma; E. S. Barlow, Tacoma; W. G. Sisson, Portland; W. White, Victoria, made 30 birds each.

LACROSSE.

REGULARS VS. SCRATCHERS.

The first twelve of the Victoria Lacrosse club will play a scrach team at the Caledonia grounds this evening. The first twelve will include Eckhardt, Blight, McLeod, Macnaughton, Frost, Morton, Cullin, W. Cullin, F., Beifry, Ketchum, Clarke and Tite; and Charles Lockhart's team Bland, Cox, Wade, Paterson, Sprinkling, Lowe, Jackson, Cusack, Kenning, Hardy, Lawson and Richards, with Miller, Smith and Allice as spare men. After the match there will be an exhibition. The show is free.

THE OAR.

BETWEEN EIGHT-OARED CREWS

Madison, Wis., June 16.—The eight-oar race between the Chicago navy and the University of Wisconsin will be rowed on Lake Mendota this afternoon, and several large parties from different parts of the state and Chicago arrived this morning to witness the event. The distance is one mile and return.

BILLIARDS.

POOL TOURNAMENT.

The final game in the Pool Tournament at Brown's last night was won by George H. Smith, who scored 100 balls; Archibald Reid, 82 balls. Smith had 20 start.

CONTINUOUS POOL MATCH.

New York, June 16.—The continuous pool match between Alfred and P. H. Walsh began to-night at Nilson Hall. They are to play 200 points each night for three nights for a stake of $500 and the Brunswick-Balk-Collender championship emblem. To-night's play resulted: Walsh 98, Deoro 206; scratches, Walsh 8, Deoro 4.

THE GUN.

ANNUAL MEETING.

At last evening's meeting of the Sportsmen's Association of the northwest it was decided to do away with live bird shooting at tournaments. The former winners of the Globe trophy were appointed a committe to arrange new conditions of competition for the trophy.

The committee met immediately and reported the following conditions:

"At inanimate targets—30 singles and 10 pairs from five unknown traps at known angles—one man to shoot five down in the singles and in the doubles five pairs down with an indicated pull."

The next tournament will be held at Tacoma next June.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

President—T. A. Bringham, Tacoma.

First Vice-President, Howard Lewis, Seattle.

Second Vice-President, T. B. Ware, Spokane.

Third Vice-President, D. L. Williams, Portland.

Secretary-Treasurer, E. E. Ellis, Tacoma.

Directors—W. A. Hardy, Seattle; C. E. Hughes, Portland; D. Cooper, Whatcom; H. T. Denham, Tacoma; and F. S. Maclure, Victoria.

A vote of thanks was tendered the retiring officers and the meeting adjourned.

THE SIAMESE.

Sketch of the People Who Make War in Europe.

To a European eye the good looks, if they anywhere exist, of born Siamese men and women are irremediably destroyed by the universal use of the betel, which blackens and corrodes the teeth and causes them to protrude, which renders the spittoon an indispensable article of furniture, and is responsible for the great splashes of red saliva that may be seen everywhere adorning the ground, as they have been ejected from the mouths of the passers-by. Like their fellows in Anam, the Siamese women enjoy great freedom and influence.

Being of a most mercantile and managing temperament, they become the self-constituted stewardesses, treasurers and hucksters of the home or shop or store. They may be seen by the hundred going to market, each seated alone in her own canoe with her wares spread out before her. The last King kept a body guard of Amazons, with red coats and trousers and small carbines; but the present sovereign has converted them into a species of interior palace police. The national character is docile, indolent, light-hearted, gay.

The Siamese are devoted to the holiday making and ceremonies and processions which accompany the most important anniversaries or incidents of life, death and religion, and which cause an infinite amount of money to be squandered and time lost. They love games—kite-flying, a sort of shuttlecock football, and fighting with cocks, crickets, beetles and fish; though it is to be surmised that the main attraction of these pursuits consists in the scope thereby afforded for betting and gambling, which are the cardinal national vices.

A Siamese will stake money on anything; licensed gambling houses exist in the cities, and are a large source of revenue to the Government, which farms out the monopoly. A royal lottery is extensively patronized in Bankok. The gambling houses and the pawnshops, which are their corollary, and which are stocked with objects pawned or stolen, are a disgrace to the capital. In some streets every other house is a pawnshop kept by a Chinaman. If suppression of these places were found difficult, at least a great reduction in their numbers might be made, while a substantial revenue would accrue to the crown by the imposition upon them of a heavy tax.—The Fortnightly Review.

Cingalese Peddlers.

I was sitting one afternoon on the beautiful wide verandah of the Galle Face Hotel at Colombo, in Ceylon. It was one of those perfect days in which to dream with your eyes wide open. I was lazily watching the miniature squirrels run up and down the cocoanut palms while an audacious blackbird coolly perched on the arm of my capacious chair and with head cocked to one side regarded me with more or less disapproval.

The roar of the breakers pounding upon the beach made pleasant music, and in the translucent emerald brine some laughing natives were splashing merrily. A light hand touched my shoulder, and a barefooted Cingalese stood before me. "Would you like to buy some stones?" he asked in his pleasant voice. These peddlers of gems, good, bad and indifferent, are very numerous in Ceylon, and threaten to become a nuisance to the traveler. They are not allowed in the hotels, and I once saw one of them actually beaten out of the Oriental in Colombo.

Hence it was that before addressing me my Cingalese friend glanced furtively up and down the long verandah to see that he was unobserved by the minions of the hotel. He took from beneath his blouse a bundle of white cloth, which he opened, displaying about a pint of rubies, carbuncles, moonstones and catseyes. As I had nothing to do I looked them through, after explaining to the sable merchant that I had no intention of buying. The collection must have been worth many thousands of dollars, judging from individual specimens. Apart from his merchandise the barefooted vendor, costume and all, might have been assessed at about five shillings.—Donahoe's Magazine.

Mohammed.

To miraculous powers the prophet laid no claim. His own principles, policy, and practice, were simple, clear, and precise. There was one God, and Mohammed, the last of a line of illustrious men commissioned to deliver the message of God to mankind, was his prophet. Abraham was the friend of God; Moses his kalam or speech; Nuh, or Noah, his preacher, and Jesus Christ his Ruh, or Holy Spirit.

The cardinal points of the testimony which Mohammed expounded to a degraded and ignorant generation can be summed up in a brief space. There was one God: La Sharik, without a partner. Idolatry, fire-worship, female infanticide, and other base and cruel practices of heathenism, were to cease. Alms must be freely given, animals kindly treated, and the condition of women raised. The use of wine was not permitted, and good Mohammedans were to be neither gamblers nor usurers. Slavery was recognized, though slaves were to be treated with consideration. Polygamy and the use of perfumes were the two luxuries in which, according to the example of their founder, Mohammedans might indulge.

That these principles, eventually enforced by the sword, contributed to learning, to civilization, to the foundation of powerful states, and to the prosperity of flourishing cities, such as Damascus, Bagdad, and Cordova, is as certain as any other fact in history. But Mohammed dealt with Orientals, and, while his teaching imparted vigor and gave direction to the Eastern intellect, it could not radically alter the Eastern character. Islam, however, for some centuries raised millions far above the religion of the Magi, the worship of Siva and Durga, and the adoration of idols like Lat and Ozza.—The Saturday Review.

White Horse of Lambourne.

In Berkshire, England, is situated a hill, on the steep sides of which is the figure of a gigantic horse whose dimensions are almost an acre in extent. The head, neck, body and tail of this wonderful figure consist of wide white lines, as also does each of its four legs. The outlines of this monstrous specimen of the genus equinus are formed by cutting trenches in the chalk, of which the hill is mainly composed, the ditches being from two to three feet deep and about ten feet in width. The chalk of the trenches being of a beautiful white and the surroundings the greenest of the green, makes the figure of the horse plainly discernible at a distance of twelve miles. This is the famous "White Horse of Lambourne." The white horse is known to have been the standard of the Saxons, and some have supposed that this monster emblematic figure was made by Hengist, one of the Saxon Kings.

M. Wise, an antiquarian who has written much on the white horse of Berkshire, brings in several arguments to prove that this figure was made by or under orders from Alfred during the reign of Etheired, his brother, and that it is a monument to a victory over the Danes in the year 871. Other well-known writers are of the opinion that the celebrated white horse is a natural freak—one of nature's oddest oddities. Ashmead-Burton thinks that the early tribes noticed that the outlines of the freak resembled a horse to a certain extent, and that they worked it into its present shape, at least that they gave the outlines their present graceful symmetry. However this may be, it has been the custom since time out of memory for the neighboring peasants to assemble on a certain day of each year, usually about midsummer, to clear away the weeds from around the white horse and to trim the edges of the trenches so as to preserve the color and shape. This task is known all over England as "scouring the white horse."—Philadelphia Press.

Largest Ox in the World.

William McMillan, of Atlantic, Iowa, claims the ownership of the largest ox in the world. His measurements are as follows:—From head to rump, 12 feet 3 inches; from tip of nose to tip of tail, 17 feet 8 inches; girt, 11 feet 1 inch; across hips, 2 feet 9 inches; from brisket to top of shoulder, 4 feet 11 inches, circumference—front leg at body, 29 inches, of hind leg between knee and body, 2 feet 8 inches; height to top of shoulder, 6 feet 4 inches; weight, 3700 pounds. This weight was taken last on his return from an exhibition tour of the county and state fairs of Iowa and Nebraska. Mr. McMillan estimates that his ox, which is named Jumbo, will now weigh at least 300 pounds more than when weighed last autumn. Jumbo is a thoroughbred Durham, with the characteristic red color of that breed, and unmarked excepting a white star in the forehead. He has been pronounced by the best stock breeders of Iowa and Nebraska as being as finely a proportioned animal as they have ever seen. He was seven years old on July 14, 1892. He is gentle as a kitten, and has but a moderate appetite. He was raised by C. W. Curtis, of Case County, Iowa, who has marketed several brothers and half brothers of Jumbo, whose weight ranged from 2200 to 2800 pounds.

New Cotton Fields.

The London Pall Mall Gazette says:—"It is remarkable what progress is being made in cotton cultivation in countries new to the plant. Odessa advices state that cotton-growing is making such progress in Russian Trans-Caspia that the Russian spinners in Moscow, Lodz and the other centres will very soon be in a position to discard the American product altogether. Seeing that it is only eight years since experiments were inaugurated in this quarter, the strides made are nothing short of marvelous. At the last meeting of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce samples of cotton were shown which had been grown, the one at Witu, in British East Africa, and the other at a place near Belize, in British Honduras. The latter resembles rough Peruvian, and has been valued in Liverpool at 4 3-4d. per pound. Should it, however, prove a useful substitute for Peruvian in the adulteration of woolen goods it will easily command 1d. more per pound. It can never enter into competition with the American article. East African cotton, however, will probably prove in time to be a formidable rival to the latter. The yield on the 200-acre plantation at Witu was at the rate of 400 pounds per acre, and the best average in America is that of Louisiana, which is 223 pounds, while the average for all the cotton states is no more than 162 pounds per acre. In quality, moreover, the Witu cotton ranks as Sea Island substitute."

George IV.'s Pocket Books.

George IV. had, from the time he was quite a young man, been in the habit of carrying about him a douillette pocket-book, into which he used to put money, letters, trinkets, miniatures, and any of the numerous fans, odd gloves, locks of hair, and similar keepsakes which he was always adding to his stock from all quarters. As soon as his pocket-book became full, he used to put it away in a drawer without ever troubling himself to examine its contents or take out whatever money it might contain, mixed with the miscellaneous articles. Whenever he thus put away a full pocket-book he took another to replace it from a great stock of new ones he kept by him, and this, as soon as filled, was laid by and replaced in like manner. At the time of his death it devolved upon the Duke and another to examine the personal effects of the King, and accordingly they had to look over the contents of a whole chest of drawers, entirely filled with these pocket-books, filled and stowed away by the King from the time he was a young man. When the Duke first looked at one of them, and found the toys it contained, he was about to have the whole stock burnt, but some money accidentally fell out, which led to a careful scrutiny of others, and they actually collected in various sums no less than £10,000 from these pocket-books, after which they caused them to be destroyed with their less important contents.

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